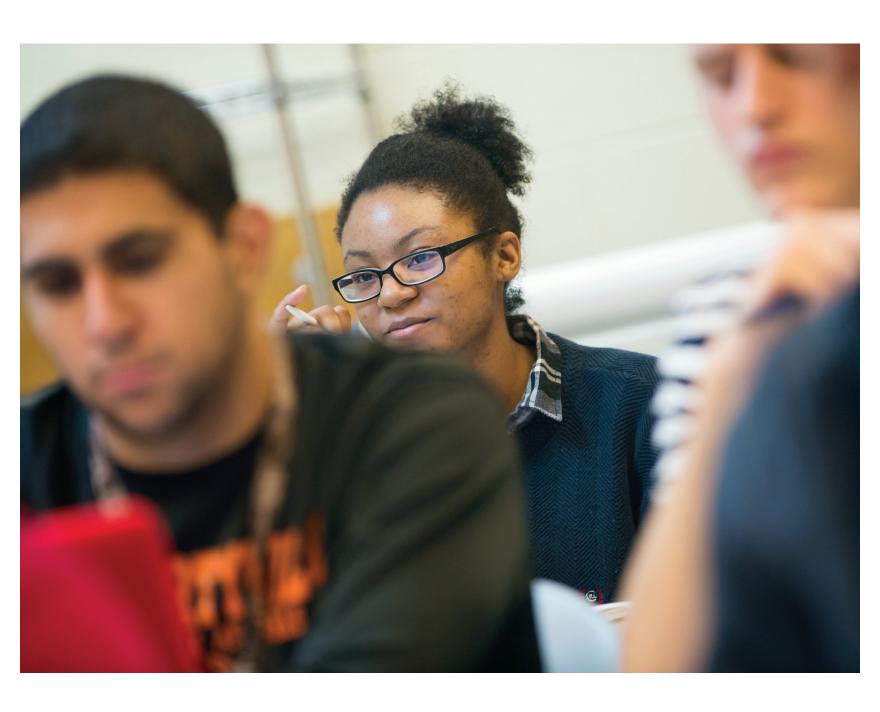
Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016



Community College District No. 532 Grayslake, Illinois



Grayslake, Illinois

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report June 30, 2017 and 2016

Prepared by:

Kenneth C. Gotsch Vice President, Administrative Affairs

> Constance M. Kravitz, CPA Controller

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Grayslake Campus

19351 West Washington Street Grayslake, Illinois 60030-1198 College County

www.clcillinois.edu

October 4, 2017

To Members of the Board of Trustees and Residents of Illinois Community College District 532:

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the College of Lake County, Community College District No.532 (the College). It has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP), as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). State law, as enacted in the Public Community College Act requires Community Colleges to submit audited financial statements with the Illinois Community College Board (ICCB) by October 15th. The report includes the College of Lake County Foundation as a component unit in compliance with GASB Statement No. 39. A more detailed description of the legal entity is contained in the notes to the financial statements in the financial section.

Management assumes full responsibility for both the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls it has established for this purpose. Because the costs of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position, changes in financial position, and cash flows of the College.

RSM US, LLP, a firm of licensed public accountants, has audited the financial statements of the College and has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the College's CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of the report.

This letter of transmittal should be read in conjunction with the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The MD&A provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements and focuses on current activities, accounting changes, and currently known facts.

The fiscal management manual of the ICCB provides the framework for accounting codes, appropriate use of funds and ICCB reporting requirements and serves as a handbook for external auditors. The College also maintains its accounts in accordance with guidelines set forth by the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA), and the National Association of College and University Business Officers (NACUBO). The financial records are maintained on the full accrual basis if accounting, whereby revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred.

The College is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Uniform Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget's Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Information related to this single audit, including a schedule of expenditures of federal awards, the independent auditor's report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters based on an audit of financial statements performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, the independent auditor's report on compliance with requirements applicable to each major program and on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, and a schedule of findings and questioned costs are included in a separately issued single audit report.

PROFILE OF THE COLLEGE

Established by the citizens of Lake County in 1969 within a framework of the Illinois Master Plan for Higher Education, the College of Lake County is a comprehensive community College system dedicated to meeting the post-secondary educational and training needs of individuals within District No. 532. The College of Lake County is accredited by the Higher Learning Commission (HLC) under the Academic Quality Improvement Program (AQIP) model of accreditation and is a member of the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools (NCA).

Illinois has 48 community colleges and one multi-community college center in 39 community college districts. The College of Lake County's district is located in Lake County, Illinois, north of Chicago, bordering Cook County on the south, and Lake Michigan on the east, and Wisconsin on the north. In the 2010 census, the population of Lake County reached 704,034 for a 9% increase over the 2000 census level. As of 2017, the Lake County population was estimated to be 706,110. *Economic Modeling Specialists International (EMSI)* projects that Lake County's population will increase to 710,516 by 2026.

The College is recognized by the ICCB and governed by a locally elected seven-member Board of Trustees and one appointed, non-voting (advisory) student representative to ensure accountability. The College employees over 1,500 full- and part-time staff, which includes administrators, full- and part-time faculty members, counselors and advisors, classified staff, various other professionals, and student employees.

The College strives for excellence by responding to a wide range of transfer, career, continuing, and developmental educational needs through diverse and relevant curricular offerings. More specifically, the College pledges to provide high-quality general education in the liberal arts and sciences, career education commensurate with student occupational needs and opportunities, continuing education, and basic skills that are essential for success. The College also strives to ensure that its students develop an appreciation for the diversity of world cultures and the importance of international and multicultural perspectives. As an institution that values the learning of its faculty and staff as well as its students, the College will engage in ongoing processes of assessing student achievement and providing staff development in order to improve its work and be accountable to its constituencies.

The College also pledges to support these courses and programs with an array of print, multimedia, and electronic learning resources, and flexible student services that include advising, counseling, financial aid, and placement. Throughout all of its work, the College will maintain academic standards that will lead to competence and encourage the pursuit of excellence.

Furthermore, the College affirms its commitment to fostering the cultural, aesthetic, and intellectual life of the district and assumes responsibility for providing leadership to the community in these areas. In addition, the College is committed to the advancement and development of the district's economy and recognizes its civic responsibility to provide education and training for business and industry. In these and other areas of its mission, the College will enter into partnerships that will help achieve greater efficiency and effectiveness, as well as student success.

The College assures equal access and opportunity for all individuals regardless of race, ethnic origin, creed, gender, age, veteran's status, sexual orientation, or non-disqualifying disability.

As a public institution of higher learning, the College of Lake County serves its students and the larger community on the basis of its mission, values, and goals & objectives.

Mission. The College of Lake County is a comprehensive community college that delivers high quality, accessible learning opportunities to advance student success and strengthen the diverse communities we serve.

Values. We hold these values to be the cornerstone to fulfilling the College's mission.

- **Learning:** Compels us to create an atmosphere of academic excellence and life-long learning by pursuing the best ideas, approaches and methods.
- **Integrity:** Requires us to work together honestly and respectfully.
- Quality: Commits us to ongoing continuous improvement and excellence.
- **Service:** Calls on us to serve as a force for improving the educational, economic, social and cultural quality of life of our students and the community.
- Accountability: Guides us to be responsible and exercise good stewardship.
- **Diversity:** Drives us to embrace and respect the uniqueness of students, employees and community members.

Goals & Objectives.

- Advance student learning, success and completion.

 The College will help students identify and work toward their educational goals and
 - prepare them to participate in the workforce.
- Maximize educational opportunity and equity in student outcomes.

 The College will enhance, develop and promote educational opportunities and work to increase enrollment and external partnerships.
- Promote excellence in the areas of Diversity, Global Engagement, Sustainability, and Wellness as strengths within the College and Lake County community. The College will strive to build an inclusive community that recognizes, values and respects people of all cultures and ways of life while cultivating social justice, global citizenship and environmental responsibility.

• Enable a culture of innovation, excellence, and continuous improvement.

The College will promote employee engagement to create and sustain a culture of high performance, intellectual growth, collaboration and innovation that supports continuous improvement of academic programs and college processes.

A component unit of the College is the College of Lake County Foundation (the Foundation). The Foundation was established in 1974 for the purpose of providing resources for projects that are not funded through the regular operating budget of the College, but that support the mission and goals of the College. Funds raised through donations, grants, and benefit events are used to fund scholarships and grants that provide College of Lake County students an opportunity for a better future. Through these efforts, the Foundation strengthens the vitality and well-being of the diverse communities the College and Foundation serves. Essentially all of the Foundation's revenue and expenses are for the benefit of the College. The Foundation is a private, not-for-profit organization that reports its financial results under Financial Accounting Standard Board (FASB) guidance. There are no other potential component units that were excluded from this report.

The College's annual budget is established following Illinois Statutes and the ICCB Fiscal Management Manual. The process begins with the establishment of goals and objectives incorporating input from all levels of the College and the community. Next, revenues are projected to set the parameters for a balanced budget for the fiscal year, and a detailed financial plan, including three-year projections, is presented to the Board of Trustees for its review. College departments then prepare budget requests, which are reviewed by the College's executive team, and the final budget document is submitted to the Board of Trustees for approval. The entire budget preparation process encourages input and involvement at all levels of the College.

The annual budget ensures that the College is in compliance with all legal provisions, as defined by state statutes, and the budget is used to set the annual appropriated limits for expenditures approved by the Board of Trustees. The administration, with Board approval, makes transfers between various items if changes are necessary during the year. The level of budgetary control is established for each individual fund, and funds are categorized as follows:

Fund Types	Fund Groups	Fund
Government Fund Types	General	Educational and Operations and
		Maintenance
	Special Revenue	Audit, Restricted Purpose, Liability
		Protection and Settlement, Insurance
		Reserve
	Debt Service	Bond and Interest
	Capital Project	Operations and Maintenance
		(Restricted)
Proprietary Fund Types	Enterprise	
Fiduciary Fund Types	Nonexpendable Trust	Working Cash

An encumbrance accounting system is used to maintain budgetary control. Expenditures are encumbered as they incur; while online financial reports track accurate budget balances throughout the year. The financial statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report support that the College meets its responsibility for sound financial management.

ECONOMIC CONDITION

Local economy. Although primarily a residential area, Lake County is home to some of the largest businesses in Illinois including: Aon-Hewitt Associates, W.W. Grainger, CDW, Walgreens, Baxter International, Advocate Condell Medical Center, AbbVie, and Abbott Laboratories. Great Lakes Naval Station is the largest military installation in Illinois and the largest training center for the U.S. Navy. In addition, Lake County has tourist attractions such as Gurnee Mills (The Mills Group), Six Flags Great America, and Key Lime Cove water resort which was just bought by Great Wolf Lodge and will be investing \$65 million in renovation and expansion of the property. The new Northwestern Medicine Lake Forest Hospital is set to open March 2018 on a redesigned campus at a cost of \$392 million. The facility is expected to stimulate economic growth in the surrounding area. Also in 2017, Caterpillar announced it will be moving its headquarters to Lake County by mid-2018.

The local economy continues to improve. Unemployment reached a high of 10.5% in 2010 and lowered to 5.2% in 2015 and 5.5% in 2016. U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reports an increase in consumer prices (1.9%) for the Chicago-Gary-Kenosha area for 2016 after experiencing virtually no change (0.0%) between 2015 and 2016. The Illinois Association of Realtors reports Illinois homes sold faster and for more money in July, but lower housing inventory drove year-over-year sales lower. Median sales price for Chicago PMSA increased by 4.4% from July 2016 to July 2017.

There is a direct inverse correlation between an improving economy with lower unemployment and community college enrollment. The College's enrollment trend in the last five years has declined which is similar to the experience of local peer colleges. The College's level enrollment decreased from 2012 to 2017 (declines of college level credit hours of 1.5% in 2012, 2.4% in 2013, 4.0% in 2014, 5.7% in 2015, and 3.6% in 2016, and 1.2% in 2017).

Despite projected population growth, as mentioned previously, the number of projected area high school graduates is expected to decline by approximately 10.7% by 2020 compared to 2016 (The College's Institutional Effectiveness, Planning & Research Department's projection). As this trend continues, and if the College's yield of local high schools students remains static, a 14.6% decline is expected in the number of public high school students who enroll at the College in the fall semester of 2026 compared to the number enrolled in fall 2016. The College has already experienced a decline in college-level student enrollment which began in FY 2011.

The State of Illinois continues to experience fiscal challenges. After going for over two years without a full State budget, the House and Senate approved a package of legislation (Senate Bills 6, 9 and 42) that provides appropriations for fiscal years 2017 and 2018 as well as a permanent income tax increase, pension reform and other changes necessary to support the spending levels. On July 4th, the package was vetoed in its entirety by Governor Rauner, and in turn the Senate took action to override the veto. July 5th the House voted to override the governor's veto of all

three bills, thus enacting the legislation into law. The College had received \$3.4 million from the 1st semester State budget for FY2017. The State's veto override budget, approved in early July, authorized an additional \$4.8 million for FY2017. However; the State Controller as well as the GASB determined that State colleges and universities must record this 2nd semester revenue in FY2018. In addition to the unexpected 100% funding State grant for FY2017, the State approved operating grant of \$6.8 million (15.5% reduction from FY2015) for FY2018, whereas the College budgeted \$6.5 million (20% reduction from FY2015) for FY2018.

Though State funding continues to be uncertain, the College remains focused on providing an affordable quality education to students by continuously looking for ways to increase revenue and cut costs.

Long-term financial planning. The College issues a three-year financial plan for the College which ensures that the College's financial projections are consistent with the overall vision, strategic plan, master plan, and core values of the institution. The plan will be utilized to identify the priorities, resources, and timeframes for preparing budgets and projecting revenues used in financial planning. It will be updated annually to ensure that the College is current with financial trends, enrollment changes, property tax variables, and the needs of the internal and external community that may financially impact the College.

The financial plan includes three years of financial projections, four years of revenue and expense history, and the current year budget totals. The financial plan sets forth a framework for the Board of Trustees and the administration to examine future implications of major financial decisions. The plan is part of the annual planning cycle that integrates the College's Academic Quality Improvement Program (AQIP) with the financial resources necessary to meet strategic planning objectives.

Strategic planning is a systematic and on-going activity which the College uses to define its direction and to anticipate major financial issues during a three-year period. Strategic planning looks at the organization as a whole, oriented towards the future, supports the mission, is externally directed, spans organizational boundaries, deals with greater levels of uncertainty, and is about creating public value. The goal of the strategic planning process is to provide the College with tools and plans to anticipate and respond to change in its external and its internal environment. The Strategic Planning process at the College coincides with the Facilities Master Planning process and the budgeting process.

The College currently is implementing its comprehensive master plan for facilities, which was approved in FY2013. Local projects are being funded from \$60 million in bonds issued in September 2013. Total funding for local projects is \$89.7 million with \$62.2 million in bond funding and \$27.5 million from accumulated fund balance in the Operations and Maintenance (Restricted) Fund.

In Fiscal Year 2011, the state of Illinois passed a capital bill for infrastructure statewide. In this bill the College will receive state funding for a new science building in Grayslake and a new student center in Waukegan. The total funds appropriated by the state are \$53.5 million and the College will contribute an additional \$24.4 million. The College issued non-referendum bonds in Fiscal Year 2012 to cover a large portion of the match. These two new buildings will allow the

College to grow and meet the expanding needs of Lake County. Local projects and these two buildings are estimated to cost \$167.6 million and will take five years to complete.

Relevant financial policies. The College has an established policy that provides for the prudent, conservative, timely investment of excess funds. This policy, approved by the Board, follows the Illinois Community College Act (Chapter 110 of Illinois Compiled Statutes Act 805) and the Illinois Public Funds Investment Act (Chapter 30 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes Act 235). The Treasurer, as appointed by the Board of Trustees, is delegated the responsibility for managing College investments. Investments are predominately placed in certificates of deposit either insured or properly collateralized.

The typical College property and casualty losses are insured through a conventional insurance program providing coverage for these losses under policies such as worker's compensation, building and property insurance, tort liability, school leaders professional liability and a \$20 million umbrella policy that provides excess insurance coverage to extend the basic limits of these policies. A special tax levy authorized by state statute allows the issuance of a property tax to pay for these risks excluding those with elements for property coverage. To minimize the risk of loss the College has a Campus Police Department on duty 24-hours, seven days per week, a Health Services Department and an active Safety Committee to review and make recommendations for improving and/or mitigating risk to property, employees and students.

Major initiatives. The College is implementing its strategic plan; as well as its operational plans which includes the College master plan, financial plan, information technology plan, sustainability plan, capital investment plan, and safety and emergency response plan. For Fiscal Year 2017, College of Lake County continued its focus on planning for the future.

The College plans to undertake various projects in order to give effect to its strategic and operational plans. One cluster of projects includes the annual Academic Quality Improvement Program (AQIP) projects. In FY2017, the College undertook AQIP projects related to 1) Aligning the College's financial and strategic plans by developing a system assessing the alignment of the College's strategic goals with its annual budget. Developing a process for applying the assessment and creating a charter for relevant financial committees; 2) Credit for prior learning. The College is reviewing the ways students can receive college credit for college-level learning that occurs outside the institution. The main outcome for this project will be the recommendation of an institutional policy and associated processes regarding the granting of student credit based on prior learning experiences; and 3) Sustainability across the curriculum, assessing opportunities for sustainability curriculum in current courses and programs, identifying where sustainability exists and producing certain specific goals for incorporating sustainability as part of curriculum or program development.

For FY2018, the College plans to: 1) promote employee satisfaction and engagement; 2) update the environmental scan, reviewing systematic and purposeful overview of the important factors or trends that influence the College as an organization; and 3) create pathways for a semester-by-semester road-map for students, including decision points, milestones, and default electives identified by faculty advisors.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

GFOA Certificate of Achievement. The GFOA awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to College of Lake County for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This was the sixteenth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

GFOA Distinguished Budget Presentation Award. The College of Lake County received the GFOA Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for our annual budget documents for the years ended June 30, 2013 through 2017. In order to receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communications device. The College plans to submit its FY2018 budget document for consideration to receive another award, as this certificate is only valid for a period of one year as well.

Acknowledgments. The CAFR presents the work of a variety of dedicated finance office administrators and staff members. It could not have been completed without the considerable effort of the RSM US, LLP audit team, utilizing its extensive professional experience garnered from work with community Colleges throughout the State of Illinois and the nation. Credit must also be given to the College Board of Trustees and its Executive Staff for providing the time and resources required for producing such an extensive report.

Respectfully submitted,

Kenneth Gotsch

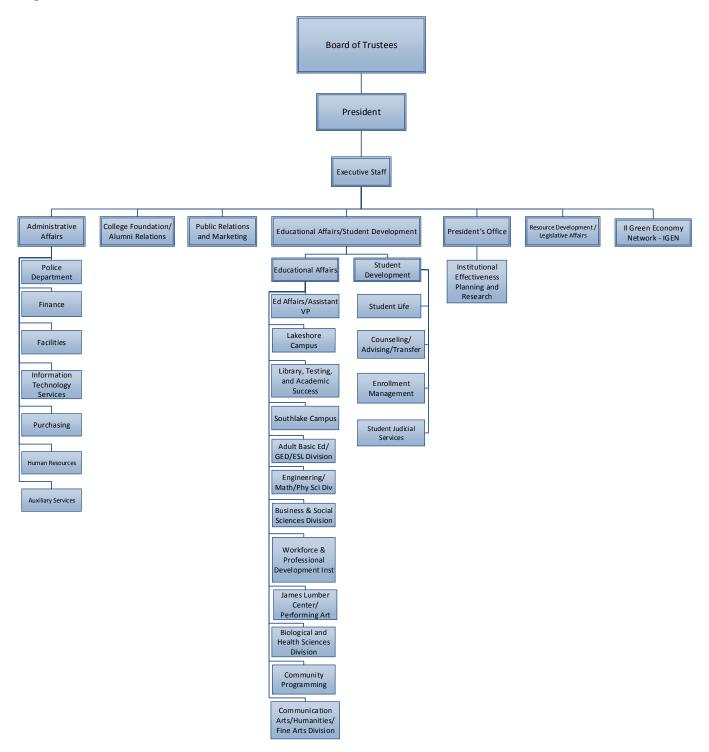
Vice President of Administrative Affairs

Constana M Krainty

Constance M. Kravitz, CPA

Controller

Organization Chart



Principal Officials

Year ended June 30, 2017

	<u>Position</u>	Term Expires
Richard A. Anderson	Chair	2021
Catherine Finger	Vice Chair	2023
Barbara D. Oilschlager	Trustee/Secretary	2019
Dr. Philip J. Carrigan	Trustee	2019
Dr. William M. Griffin	Trustee	2021
Amanda D. Howland	Trustee	2021
Matthew Stanton	Trustee	2023
Hansel Lopez	Student Trustee	2018

OFFICERS OF THE COLLEGE OF LAKE COUNTY

Dr. Rich Haney Dr. Alyssa O'Brien Karen Hlavin Kenneth C. Gotsch Interim President Interim Provost, Educational Affairs Interim Provost, Student Development

Vice President, Administrative Affairs/Treasurer

OFFICIALS ISSUING REPORT

Kenneth C. Gotsch Constance M. Kravitz Vice President, Administrative Affairs

Controller, CPA

DIVISION ISSUING REPORT

Administrative Affairs Finance Department



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

College of Lake County Illinois

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Executive Director/CEO



RSM US LLP

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees
College of Lake County
Community College District No. 532
Grayslake, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of the College of Lake County, Community College District No. 532 (the College) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities and the discretely presented component unit of the College of Lake County, Community College District No. 532, as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Schedules, and State Universities Retirement System (SURS) Schedules, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the College's basic financial statements. The Uniform Financial Statements, as required by the Illinois Community Colleges Board, and the Introductory Section and Statistical Section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Uniform Financial Statements (schedules 1 through 5), as listed in the table of contents, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Uniform Financial Statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Introductory Section and Statistical Section have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

RSM US LLP

Chicago, Illinois October 4, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017 and 2016 (Unaudited)

This section of the College of Lake County's (the College) Annual Financial Report presents management's discussion and analysis of the College's financial activity during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016. Since this management's discussion and analysis is designed to focus on current activities, resulting changes and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the College's basic financial statements and the footnotes. Responsibility for the completeness and fairness of this information rests with the College.

Using This Annual Report

The financial statements focus on the College as a whole. This presentation is designed to emulate corporate presentation models whereby all College activities are consolidated into one total. The focus of the statements of net position is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the College. This statement combines and consolidates current financial resources (short term spendable resources) with capital assets. The statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position focus on both the gross costs and the net costs of College activities which are supported mainly by property taxes and by state and other revenues. This approach is intended to summarize and simplify the user's analysis of the cost of various College services to the students and the public.

Financial Highlights Fiscal Year 2017

Total operating revenues were \$36,925,362 and total operating expenses were \$151,865,921 for the year ended June 30, 2017. The difference produced an operating loss of \$114,940,559.

Net non-operating revenues of \$124,574,624 for the year ended June 30, 2017 offset the operating loss and resulted in an overall increase in net position of \$9,634,065. Non-operating revenues included local property taxes of \$66,976,264, replacement tax of \$1,280,857, state appropriations of \$44,951,735, federal grants and contracts of \$11,361,992, local grants and contracts of \$1,167,546 and investment income of \$534,166; offset by loss on disposition of assets of \$423,435 and interest expense of \$1,274,501.

Operating revenue accounted for 22.6% of the College's total revenue and non-operating revenue accounted for 77.4% of the College's total revenue. Operating revenue consisted of tuition and fees, net of scholarships, totaling \$27,013,124, auxiliary enterprise revenues totaling \$8,381,236, and other operating revenues of \$1,531,002.

Total net position increased from \$196,171,296 at the beginning of the year to \$205,805,361 at the end of the year.

Financial Highlights Fiscal Year 2016

Total operating revenues were \$35,213,348 and total operating expenses were \$146,271,382 for the year ended June 30, 2016. The difference produced an operating loss of \$111,058,034.

Net non-operating revenues of \$117,293,063 for the year ended June 30, 2016 offset the operating loss and resulted in an overall increase in net position of \$6,235,029. Non-operating revenues included local property taxes of \$66,153,206, replacement tax of \$1,159,689, state appropriations of \$34,646,262, federal grants and contracts of \$13,867,176, local grants and contracts of \$1,255,820 and investment income of \$407,757; offset by interest expense of \$196,847.

Operating revenue accounted for 23.1% of the College's total revenue and non-operating revenue accounted for 76.9% of the College's total revenue. Operating revenue consisted of tuition and fees, net of scholarships, totaling \$24,702,512, auxiliary enterprise revenues totaling \$9,459,100, and other operating revenues of \$1,051,736.

Total net position increased from \$189,936,267 at the beginning of the year to \$196,171,296 at the end of the year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017 and 2016 (Unaudited)

Overview of the Financial Statements

This financial report consists of four parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, the notes to the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information.

The financial statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the College's overall financial status. The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

The College's financial statements are prepared on an accrual basis in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP) as applicable to government units. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, expenses are recognized in the period in which they are incurred, and depreciation of assets is recognized in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

The statement of net position reports the College's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. Net position, the difference between the College's total of assets and deferred outflows and the total of liabilities and deferred inflows, are one way to measure the College's financial health or position. An increase in the College's net position during the year is an indicator of the change in assets acquired less assets consumed.

Financial Analysis

Net Position

The College's net position at June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 was \$205.8 million, \$196.2 million and \$189.9 million, respectively, an increase of \$9.6 million, \$6.2 million and \$13.1 million, respectively. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources were \$325.3 million. \$324.7 million and \$316.7 million, and total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources were \$119.5 million, \$128.5 million and \$126.8 million at June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015, respectively. The change in net position is an indicator of whether the financial condition has improved or worsened during the year. Assets and liabilities are measured using current values with the exception of capital assets. Capital assets are stated as historical cost, reduced by depreciation.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017 and 2016 (Unaudited)

A summary of the statements of net position at June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 are as follows:

June 30, (in Thousands)

	 2017	 2016	 2015
Current assets Restricted assets Other noncurrent assets Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 148,997 199 - 176,018	\$ 162,449 1,470 7,173 153,474	\$ 155,111 12,548 37,233 111,592
Total assets	325,214	 324,566	 316,484
Deferred outflows of resources	122	145	225
Current liabilities	22,993	26,581	19,577
Long-term liabilities	63,131	68,996	74,646
Total liabilities	86,124	95,577	94,223
Deferred inflows of resources	33,407	32,963	32,550
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets	110,607	93,243	95,187
Restricted	2,879	3,990	14,784
Unrestricted	 92,319	 98,938	 79,965
Total net position	\$ 205,805	\$ 196,171	\$ 189,936

The College had a current ratio of 2.64, 2.73, and 2.98 times at June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015, respectively. The current ratio is total current assets and deferred outflows of resources divided by total current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. For example, at June 30, 2017, for every dollar of current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, the College has \$2.64 in current assets and deferred outflows of resources. This ratio is one indicator of the College's ability to pay its debts as they become due.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the amount of outstanding indebtedness, net of unspent bond proceeds, attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. The principal liabilities for capital assets are bonds which were used to construct and improve buildings.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017 and 2016 (Unaudited)

Net Position - Fiscal Year 2017 compared to 2016

Current assets decreased by \$13.5 million primarily due to a decrease in cash and investments of \$9.6 million and a decrease in receivables of \$4.0 million.

Noncurrent assets increased by \$14.1 million based on a decrease in restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$1.3 million and a decrease in other long-term investments of \$7.2 million. Additionally, capital assets increased by \$22.5 million due to the fact that capital additions were greater than depreciation and deletions during the year.

Current liabilities decreased by \$3.6 million primarily due to a decrease in accounts payable of \$5.6 million and an increase in accrued expenses of \$1.8 million. Noncurrent liabilities decreased \$5.9 million due to principal payments made in Fiscal Year 2017 that reduced outstanding debt including general obligation limited tax bonds to fund the College's master plan.

Net Position - Fiscal Year 2016 compared to 2015

Current assets increased by \$7.3 million primarily due to an increase in cash and investments of \$4.5 million and an increase in receivables of \$3.0 million.

Noncurrent assets increased by \$0.7 million based on a decrease in restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$11.0 million and a decrease in other long-term investments of \$30.0 million. Additionally, capital assets increased by \$41.9 million due to the fact that capital additions were greater than depreciation and deletions during the year.

Current liabilities increased by \$7.0 million primarily due to an increase in accounts payable of \$4.1 million and an increase in accrued expenses of \$2.5 million. Noncurrent liabilities decreased \$5.6 million due to principal payments made in Fiscal Year 2016 that reduced outstanding debt including general obligation limited tax bonds to fund the College's master plan.

Changes in Net Position

Summary of the change in net position, total revenues less total expenses, for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 is as follows:

Changes in Net Position

Years ended June 30, (in thousands)

	 2017	2016	2015
Total revenues Total expenses	\$ 163,197 153,563	\$ 152,703 146,468	\$ 156,993 143,815
Increase in net position	\$ 9,634	\$ 6,235	\$ 13,178

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017 and 2016 (Unaudited)

Revenues

Summaries of revenues for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 are as follows:

Revenue Summary

Years ended June 30, (in thousands)

	 2017	 2016	 2015
Operating:			
Student tuition and fees, net	\$ 27,013	\$ 24,702	\$ 24,029
Auxiliary enterprise	8,381	9,459	10,072
Other operations	 1,531	1,052	 1,087
Total operating revenues	36,925	35,213	35,188
Nonoperating:			
Local property taxes	66,976	66,153	64,962
Personal property replacement taxes	1,281	1,160	1,267
State appropriations	44,951	34,646	37,895
Federal and local grants and contracts	12,530	15,123	17,355
Investment income, net	 534	 408	 326
Total nonoperating revenues	 126,272	 117,490	 121,805
Total revenues	\$ 163,197	\$ 152,703	\$ 156,993

Revenues - Fiscal Year 2017 Compared to 2016

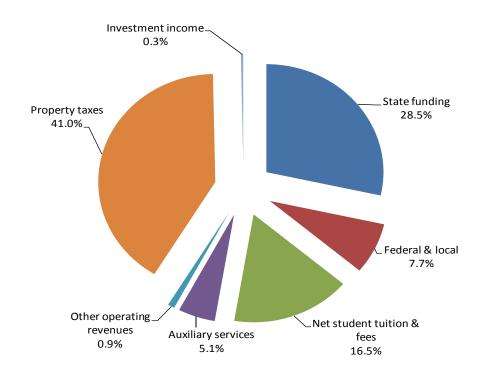
Operating revenue increased by \$1.7 million. This reflects an increase in tuition and fees of \$2.3 million, a decrease in auxiliary enterprise revenue of \$1.1 million and an increase in revenue from other operations of \$0.5 million.

Non-operating revenue increased by \$8.8 million primarily due to increases of state appropriations by \$10.3 million and decreases in Federal and local grants and contracts of \$2.6 million, offset by increases in local property taxes of \$0.8 million. The increase in property tax revenues reflects the combination of the CPI and the assessed value of new construction. The College is subject to a tax cap (Illinois Public Act 89-1) that limits by formula the increase in taxes levied to the Consumer Price Index (CPI) or 5%, whichever is lower. The increase in state appropriations was due mainly to an increase in the State Universities Retirement System of Illinois (SURS) contribution made by the state of \$9.1 million as well as an increase of the base operating grant of \$0.9 million and an increase of \$0.3 million in other state funded programs. Substantially all employer contributions for SURS are made by the State of Illinois on behalf of the College at an actuarially determined rate. Contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. The decrease in federal grants was due primarily to less revenue recorded for the College's Trade Adjustment Assistance Community College and Career Training Grant (TAACCCT) from the U.S. Department of Labor, which ended September 30, 2015.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017 and 2016 (Unaudited)

The pie chart shows all revenue from both operating and non-operating sources. State funding in the pie chart and above includes both capital and noncapital appropriations. The chart shows that property taxes accounted for the largest percentage of the College's revenue at 41.0%. The next highest sources were state funding of 28.4% and net student tuition and fees at 16.6%.

College of Lake County Revenues Year ended June 30, 2017



Revenues - Fiscal Year 2016 Compared to 2015

Operating revenue remained basically even by an increase of \$0.02 million.

Non-operating revenue decreased by \$4.3 million primarily due to decreases of state appropriations by \$3.2 million and decreases in Federal and local grants and contracts of \$2.2 million, offset by increases in local property taxes of \$1.2 million. The increase in property tax revenues reflects the combination of the CPI and the assessed value of new construction. The College is subject to a tax cap (Illinois Public Act 89-1) that limits by formula the increase in taxes levied to the Consumer Price Index (CPI) or 5%, whichever is lower. The decrease in state appropriations was due mainly to a decrease of the base operating grant of \$5.9 million and additional decreases of \$1.3 million in other state funded programs, offset by an increase in the State Universities Retirement System of Illinois (SURS) contribution made by the state of \$4.0 million. Substantially all employer contributions for SURS are made by the State of Illinois on behalf of the College at an actuarially determined rate. Contribution requirements are

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017 and 2016 (Unaudited)

established and may be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. The decrease in federal grants was due primarily to less revenue recorded for the College's Trade Adjustment Assistance Community College and Career Training Grant (TAACCCT) from the U.S. Department of Labor, which ended September 30, 2015.

Expenses

Summaries of expenses for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 are as follows:

Expenses

Years ended June 30, (in thousands)

	2017	 2016	 2015
Instruction	\$ 68,660	\$ 62,300	\$ 57,018
Academic support	6,295	6,235	5,733
Student services	12,133	10,711	10,616
Public service	6,804	8,774	10,658
Institutional support	26,829	28,290	27,283
Operations and maintenance of plant	10,918	10,755	10,982
Financial aid	5,004	4,857	5,742
Depreciation	7,503	5,339	5,096
Loss on disposition of assets	423	-	-
Auxiliary enterprises	7,720	9,010	10,059
Interest expense	 1,274	 197	 628
Total	\$ 153,563	\$ 146,468	\$ 143,815

Expenses - Fiscal Year 2017 Compared to 2016

Total expenses increased by \$7.1 million. State Universities Retirement Systems of Illinois (SURS) had an increase of contributions made by the State of Illinois that increased the expenses by \$9.1 million, which is offset by an increase in state appropriation revenue. Substantially all employer contributions for SURS are made by the State of Illinois on behalf of the College at an actuarially determined rate. Public service / continuing education decreased by \$2.0 million. Auxiliary enterprises had decreased expense of \$1.3 million dollars due to the decrease in related revenues. Interest expense increased by \$1.1 million due to less capitalization of interest expense associated with the College's major construction projects as several of the Master Plan projects were placed in service during the fiscal year. For the same reason, depreciation increased by \$2.2 million due to the increase in assets placed in service. Loss on disposition of assets of \$0.4 million was due to removing from service buildings and equipment that were not fully depreciated and were replaced during the fiscal year.

Expenses - Fiscal Year 2016 Compared to 2015

Total expenses increased by \$2.7 million. State Universities Retirement Systems of Illinois (SURS) had an increase of contributions made by the State of Illinois that increased the expenses by \$4.1 million, which is offset by an increase in state appropriation revenue. Substantially all employer contributions for SURS are made by the State of Illinois on behalf of the College at an actuarially determined rate. Public service / continuing education decreased by \$1.6 million. Additionally, decreased federal Pell grant

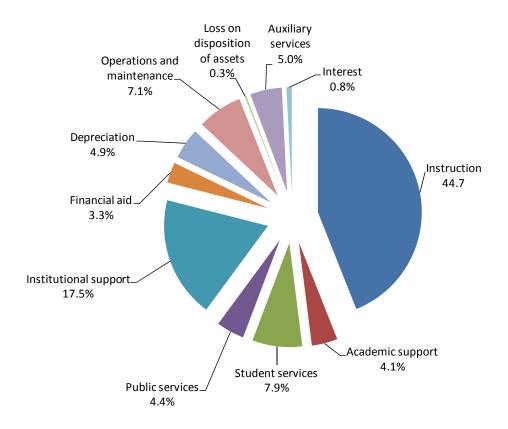
Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017 and 2016 (Unaudited)

awards and a decrease in enrollment resulted in lower Financial Aid expenditures by \$0.9 million. Auxiliary enterprises had decreased expense of \$1.0 million dollars due to the drop in revenues. Interest expense declined by \$0.4 million due to the capitalization of interest expense associated with the College's major construction projects. Institutional and academic support increased expenditures by \$1.5 million due to annual increases of wages and benefits. Lastly, instruction and the remaining categories increased expenditures by \$1.0 million due to salary, benefits and non-personnel increases.

Operating Expenses

The pie chart shows the operating expenses as a percentage of total operating expenses. Direct services to students accounted for 69.4% of total operating expenses. Direct services to students include instruction at 44.7%, academic support at 4.1%, student services at 7.9%, public services at 4.4%, financial aid at 3.3%, and auxiliary enterprises at 5.0%. Indirect services to students accounted for 30.6% of total expenses. Indirect services to students include operations and maintenance at 7.1%, institutional support at 17.5%, depreciation at 4.9%, interest at 0.8% and loss on disposition of assets of 0.3%.

College of Lake County Operating Expenses Year ended June 30, 2017



Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017 and 2016 (Unaudited)

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015, the College investment in capital assets totaled \$263.0 million, \$235.3 million, and \$188.2 million, respectively. Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$87.0 million, \$81.9 million and \$76.6 million, totaled \$174.9 million, \$153.5 million, and \$111.6 million, respectively.

Capital Assets

Years ended June 30, (in thousands)

	2017		2017 2016		2015	
Capital assets:						
Construction in progress	\$	26,108	\$	54,349	\$	9,747
Land		12,488		12,488		12,488
Land improvements		12,010		7,166		6,681
Buildings and improvements		178,203		131,082		130,812
Furniture and equipment		34,188		30,253		28,506
Total capital assets		262,997		235,338		188,234
Less accumulated depreciation		86,979		81,863		76,644
Capital assets, net	\$	176,018	\$	153,475	\$	111,590

Construction Projects

Major construction projects in progress as part of the College's master plan as of June 30, 2017 included:

- Grayslake science building
- A wing renovations

The total cost of construction in progress as of June 30, 2017 was \$26.1 million.

Capital Asset Additions (being depreciated)

Capital assets added during fiscal year 2017 include:

- New café, campus store, one stop shop and lobby
- Information technology equipment
- Geothermal plant and loop
- Southlake chemistry lab
- Reconfiguration of Lots 7 & 8
- LED lighting roads

The total cost of capital asset additions (being depreciated) in fiscal year 2017 was \$58.7 million.

More detailed information on capital asset activity can be found in Note 3 to the basic financial statements on pages 27 through 28. More detailed information on long-term debt activity can be found in Note 5 to the basic financial statements on pages 29 through 30.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2017 and 2016 (Unaudited)

Debt Payments

For the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, the College paid \$5.2 million and \$5.1 million, respectively, in principal on bonds and certificates of indebtedness. In fiscal year 2015, the College refunded \$2.8 million in bond principal to reduce interest costs. More detailed information on long-term debt activity can be found in Note 5 in the basic financial statements.

Contacting The College's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the College's finances and to demonstrate the College's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to: Finance Department, College of Lake County, 19351 West Washington Street, Grayslake, IL 60030-1198.

Statements of Net Position June 30, 2017 and 2016

Suite 50, 2017 and 2010	2017	2016
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash (note 2)	\$ 103,710,32	9 \$ 81,550,209
Investments (note 2)	7,164,34	9 38,916,565
Receivables:		
Property taxes, net of allowance of		
\$334,869 in 2017 and \$330,943 in 2016	32,734,43	1 32,559,816
Government claims	202,38	9 208,801
Tuition, net of allowance of		
\$2,407,670 in 2017 and \$2,710,981 in 2016	2,657,95	0 2,329,800
Other	1,606,98	1 6,068,525
Inventories	751,15	1 682,027
Prepaid expenses	169,53	5 133,409
Total current assets	148,997,11	5 162,449,152
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents (notes 1 and 2)	198,88	3 1,469,753
Other long-term investments (note 2)	-	7,172,900
Capital assets, not being depreciated (note 3)	38,596,84	2 66,836,978
Capital assets being depreciated, net (note 3)	137,421,53	1 86,637,763
Total noncurrent assets	176,217,25	6 162,117,394
Total assets	325,214,37	1 324,566,546
Deferred outflows of resources		
Deferred grant-related pension contributions (note 6)	121,58	1 144,948
		1 177,070
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	3,036,67	
Accrued expenses (note 4)	9,478,84	
Tuition refunds payable	62,79	
Unearned tuition and rent	3,248,33	
Current portion of long-term obligations (note 5)	5,400,00	
Amounts held in custody for others	829,16	
Other current liabilities	936,90	
Total current liabilities	22,992,71	4 26,581,199
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Long-term obligations (notes 5 and 9)	62,410,76	
Unearned rent revenue (note 11)	720,00	
Total noncurrent liabilities	63,130,76	
Total liabilities	86,123,47	7 95,577,333
Deferred inflows of resources		
Deferred property tax revenue (note 1)	33,407,11	4 32,962,865
Not Bookloss	·	
Net Position	440,000,05	0 00 040 040
Net investment in capital assets	110,606,95	8 93,242,840
Restricted for:	4 000 00	7 4.000.050
Debt service	1,699,02	
Capital projects	198,88	
Other	981,55	
Unrestricted	92,318,94	
Total net position	\$ 205,805,36	1 \$ 196,171,296

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016	2017	2016
Operating revenues:		
Student tuition and fees	\$ 33,337,8	31,874,294
Less scholarship allowances	(6,324,7	
Net student tuition and fees	27,013,1	
Auxiliary enterprises	8,381,2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Other operations	1,531,0	
Total operating revenues	36,925,3	
Operating expenses:		
Education and general:		
Instruction	68,660,4	62,300,046
Academic support	6,294,8	6,235,402
Student services	12,132,5	575 10,710,983
Public service	6,803,9	924 8,774,300
Institutional support	26,829,2	298 28,289,814
Operations and maintenance of plant	10,918,0	085 10,755,622
Financial aid	5,003,6	653 4,856,633
Depreciation	7,503,1	5,338,716
Auxiliary enterprises	7,719,9	9,009,866
Total operating expenses	151,865,9	921 146,271,382
Operating loss	(114,940,5	(111,058,034)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Local property taxes	66,976,2	264 66,153,206
Personal property replacement tax	1,280,8	357 1,159,689
State appropriations	44,951,7	735 34,646,262
Federal grants and contracts	11,361,9	992 13,867,176
Local grants and contracts	1,167,5	1,255,820
Investment income	534,1	166 407,757
Loss on disposition of assets	(423,4	- 135)
Interest expense	(1,274,5	501) (196,847)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses), net	124,574,6	524 117,293,063
Increase in net position	9,634,0	065 6,235,029
Net position at the beginning of the year	196,171,2	296 189,936,267
Net position at the end of the year	\$ 205,805,3	\$ 196,171,296

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Tuition and fees	\$ 26,752,6	23 \$ 24,336,802
Payments to suppliers	(42,473,1	00) (40,567,531)
Payments to employees	(66,538,0	13) (65,003,480)
Auxiliary enterprise charges	8,381,2	36 9,459,100
Chargeback revenue	2,1	92 18,632
Other	5,467,7	(2,631,651)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(68,407,3	51) (74,388,128)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Local property taxes	67,245,8	98 66,171,430
Personal property replacement tax	1,287,2	69 1,158,831
State appropriations	5,692,9	14 5,188,712
Federal grants and contracts	11,312,4	57 14,215,763
Local grants and contracts	1,167,5	
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	86,706,0	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Principal paid on debt	(5,195,0	00) (5,055,000)
Interest paid on debt	(2,527,9	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	5,1	, , ,
Purchases of capital assets	(29,316,2	
Net cash (used in) capital and related	(20,010,2	(42,002,200)
financing activities	(37,034,1	06) (50,604,412)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments	38,925,1	
Purchases of investments		- (12,762,387)
Interest on investments	699,5	
Net cash provided by investing activities	39,624,6	23 54,648,204
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	20,889,2	50 17,646,220
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	83,019,9	62 65,373,742
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 103,909,2	12 \$ 83,019,962
Reconciliation to Statements of Net Position:		
Unrestricted cash	\$ 103,710,3	29 \$ 81,550,209
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	198,8	
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 103,909,2	
Total odoli dila odoli ogdivalorito	Ψ 100,000,2	Ψ 00,010,002

Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016	
Reconciliation of net operating loss to net cash used in			
operating activities:			
Operating loss	\$ (114,940,559)	\$ (111,058,034)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in			
operating activities:			
Depreciation	7,503,136	5,338,718	
On-behalf expense for retirement system payment	39,449,757	30,434,871	
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Receivables (net)	3,861,899	(3,856,035)	
Inventories and prepaid expenses	(105,250)	222,925	
Accounts payable	(5,594,526)	4,083,730	
Accrued expenses	1,450,507	237,157	
Other current liabilities	(88,084)	221,560	
Amounts held in custody for others	67,323	(11,480)	
Deferred tuition and fees	(11,554)	(1,540)	
Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$ (68,407,351)	\$ (74,388,128)	

Component Unit – College of Lake County Foundation Statements of Financial Position June 30, 2017 and 2016

0dile 00, 2017 dila 2010	2017			204.0	
		2017		2016	
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,121,562	\$	1,316,312	
Pledges and other receivables		95,000		115,000	
Other receivables		36,335		24,200	
Prepaid expenses		34,529		51,260	
Beneficial interest in remainder trust, net		140,000		-	
Investments		3,045,780		2,846,512	
Total assets		4,473,206	\$	4,353,284	
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	56,787	\$	8,195	
Grants and scholarships payable		545		-	
Deferred revenue		6,150		5,150	
Total liabilities	63,482			13,345	
Net Assets					
Unrestricted		415,656		470,914	
Temporarily restricted		2,592,907		2,471,359	
Permanently restricted		1,401,161		1,397,666	
Total net assets		4,409,724		4,339,939	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	4,473,206	\$	4,353,284	

Component Unit – College of Lake County Foundation Statements of Activities Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

Teals Efficed Julie 30, 2017 and 2010	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
Net assets at June 30, 2015	\$ 562,130	\$ 2,108,316	\$ 1,315,865	\$ 3,986,311
Public support and revenue:				
Contributions and gifts	127,634	973,674	33,300	1,134,608
Special events revenue	348,982	-	-	348,982
Special events expense	(147,588)	-	-	(147,588)
Donated services	758,461	-	-	758,461
Other noncash donations	46,315	-	-	46,315
Net assets released from restrictions	542,390	(542,390)	_	-
Total public support	1,676,194	431,284	33,300	2,140,778
Other income:				
Investment income (loss)	(14,894)	(26,983)	_	(41,877)
Total public support and revenue	1,661,300	404,301	33,300	2,098,901
Expenses:				
Program services:				
Grants and scholarships	1,005,321	-	-	1,005,321
Noncash donations to College of				
Lake County	46,315	-	-	46,315
General and administrative:	•			,
Management and general	226,839	_	_	226,839
Travel/meeting	29,881	_	_	29,881
Fundraising:	436,917		_	436,917
Total expenses	1,745,273	- · <u>-</u>	·	1,745,273
·		404,301	33 300	353,628
(Decrease) increase in net assets before other item	(83,973)	404,301	33,300	353,626
Other item:				
Change in donor designation	(7,243)	(41,258)	48,501	-
(Decrease) increase in net assets	(91,216)	363,043	81,801	353,628
Net assets at June 30, 2016	470,914	2,471,359	1,397,666	4,339,939
Public support and revenue:				
• •	101.000	046 077	40.200	000.075
Contributions and gifts	101,098	816,877	10,300	928,275
Special events revenue	364,396	-	-	364,396
Special events expense	(154,736)	-	-	(154,736)
Donated services	648,445	-	-	648,445
Other noncash donations	105,490		-	105,490
Net assets released from restrictions	829,392	(829,392)	-	
Total public support	1,894,085	(12,515)	10,300	1,891,870
Other income:				
Investment income (loss)	72,354	124,302	2,956	199,612
Total public support and revenue	1,966,439	111,787	13,256	2,091,482
Expenses:			·	·
•				
Program services:	1 246 600			1 246 600
Grants and scholarships	1,346,698	-	-	1,346,698
Noncash donations to College of	405 400			405 400
Lake County	105,490	-	-	105,490
General and administrative:				
Management and general	213,684	-	-	213,684
Travel/meeting	11,159	-	-	11,159
Fundraising:	344,666		-	344,666
Total expenses	2,021,697			2,021,697
(Decrease) increase in net assets before other item	(55,258)	111,787	13,256	69,785
Other item:				
Change in donor designation		9,761	(9,761)	<u>-</u>
Decrease (increase) in net assets	(55,258)	121,548	3,495	69,785
,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Net assets at June 30, 2017	\$ 415,656	\$ 2,592,907	\$ 1,401,161	\$ 4,409,724
See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.				

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization: College of Lake County, Community College District No. 532 (the College), established in 1969 under the Illinois Public Community College Act, provides postsecondary educational and training for individuals within District 532. The Board of Trustees is elected by the residents of the District, and is responsible for establishing the policies and procedures by which the College is governed.

Reporting entity: The accompanying financial statements include all accounts and transactions of the College and its discretely presented component unit, the College of Lake County Foundation (the Foundation).

As defined by generally accepted accounting principles established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, as well as component units. The College has determined, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, it would be misleading to not include the Foundation as a discretely presented component unit.

The Foundation is a legally separate, tax-exempt component unit that acts primarily as a fund-raising organization to supplement the resources that are available to the College in support of its programs. The 31-member Board of the Foundation is self-perpetuating and consists of graduates and friends of the College. The Foundation is a private, not-for-profit organization that reports its financial results under *Financial Accounting Standard Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Codification® (Codification)* which is the source of authoritative generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) recognized by the FASB. As such, certain revenue recognition criteria and presentation features are different from GASB revenue recognition criteria and presentation features. No modifications have been made to the Foundation's financial information in the College's financial reporting entity for these differences. Significant note disclosures to the Foundation's financial statements have been incorporated into the College's notes to the financial statements (see Note 15). Financial statements for the Foundation can be obtained by calling the Foundation at 847-543-2640.

Basis of accounting: For financial reporting purposes, the College is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, the College's financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred. All significant intra-entity transactions have been eliminated.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the College receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes; federal, state, and local grants; state appropriations, and other contributions. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the period for which the levy is intended to finance. Revenue from grants, state appropriations, and other contributions are recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the College must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the College on a reimbursement basis.

Cash and cash equivalents: Cash includes petty cash on hand and deposits in the College's bank accounts. The College considers money market accounts, savings accounts and any highly liquid debt instruments purchased, including the Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus, with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

The Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus is an external investment pool managed by a Board of Trustees elected from the participating members. The fair value of the College's investment in the fund is the same as the value of the pool shares. Although not subject to direct regulatory oversight, the fund is administered in accordance with the provisions of the Illinois Public Investment Act, 30 ILCS 235.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Investments: Investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement rate. The College invests in Certificates of Deposits (CDs). Non-participating CDs are valued at cost. Participating CDs are valued at fair value, if maturity is greater than one year at time of purchase. Participating CDs are valued at amortized cost if maturity is less than one year at purchase. Changes in the carrying value of investments resulting in unrealized gains or losses are reported as a component of investment income in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

Receivables: Receivables include (1) property taxes, net of allowance, (2) government claims associated with state and federal funding, (3) tuition and fees, net of allowance and (4) other receivable balances associated with accounts receivable from vendors, traffic court tuition, and accrued interest.

Inventories: Inventories are reported at the lower of cost or market on the FIFO (first-in, first-out) basis. Inventories represent items held for resale by the College's auxiliary enterprises.

Restricted cash: Cash that is externally restricted to make debt service payments, or to purchase or construct capital or other noncurrent assets, is classified as noncurrent assets in the statements of net position.

Capital assets: Capital assets are reported at cost at the date of acquisition or their estimated fair value at the date of donation. For movable property, the College's capitalization policy includes all items with a unit cost of \$5,000 or more, or computer assets with a unit cost of \$500 or more, and an estimated useful life greater than one year. Renovations to buildings and land improvements that significantly increase the value or extend the useful life of the structure are capitalized. Donated capital assets and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement, if any, are reported at acquisition value. The College capitalizes interest related to construction in progress on self-constructed capital assets. Routine repairs and maintenance are charged to operating expense in the year in which the expense was incurred. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the assets, generally 15 to 50 years for buildings and building improvements, 15 to 25 years for depreciable land improvements, 3 years for computer equipment, and 5 to 20 years for all other furniture and equipment.

Premiums, discounts, and issuance costs: Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the sum of the bonds outstanding method, which approximates the effective interest method. Long-term obligations (general obligation bonds) are reported net of the applicable bond premium. Bond issuance costs are expensed at the time the debt is issued.

Deferred outflow of resources: Deferred outflows are a consumption of net assets by the College that is applicable to a future reporting period, and should be reported as having a similar impact on net position as assets. For the College, pension payments related to federal grants and made subsequent to the pension liability measurement date are considered to be deferred outflows. See Note 6 for further discussion of the College's deferred outflows of resources.

Unearned revenues and deferred inflows of resources: Deferred inflows are acquisitions of net assets that are applicable to a future reporting period, and should be reported as having a similar impact on net position as liabilities. For the College, property tax revenues levied for the subsequent fiscal year are considered to be deferred inflows. Unearned revenues include (1) amounts received for tuition and fees and certain auxiliary activities prior to the end of the fiscal year that are related to the subsequent accounting period, (2) amounts received from grant and contract sponsors that have not yet been earned, and (3) building rentals received in advance.

Noncurrent liabilities: Noncurrent liabilities include (1) principal amounts of bond obligations with maturities greater than one year, (2) net post-employment benefit obligations and (3) a portion of unearned rental revenue.

Note 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Pensions: The net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, contributions and pension expense have been determined on the same basis as they are determined and reported by SURS. See Note 6 for additional discussion.

Net position: The College's net position is classified as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets

This represents the College's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt obligations (net of unspent bond proceeds) related to acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets.

Restricted Net Position

Restricted net position includes resources that the College is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or through enabling legislation. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is generally the College's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources when they are needed.

Unrestricted Net Position

Unrestricted net position represent resources derived from student tuition and fees, state appropriations, and sales and services of educational departments and auxiliary enterprises. These resources are used for transactions relating to the educational and general operations of the College and may be used at the discretion of the governing board to meet current expenses for any purpose.

Classification of revenues: The College classifies its revenues as either operating or nonoperating in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position according to the following criteria:

Operating Revenue

Operating revenue includes activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as (1) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship discounts and allowances, and (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises.

Nonoperating Revenue

Nonoperating revenue includes activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as (1) local property taxes, (2) state appropriations, (3) most federal, state, and local grants and contracts and federal appropriations, (4) gifts and contributions and (5) investment income.

Classification of expenses: The College classifies all expenses as operating in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, except for interest expense which is classified as nonoperating.

Property taxes: The College's property taxes are levied each calendar year on all taxable real property located in the College's district. Property taxes are collected by the County Collector and are submitted to the County Treasurer, who remits to the entities their respective share of the collections. Taxes levied in one year become due and payable in two installments on June 1 and September 1 of the following year. Taxes must be levied by the fourth Tuesday in December of the levy year. The levy becomes an enforceable lien against the property as of January 1 of the levy year.

In accordance with a College Board resolution, 50% of the property taxes extended for the 2016 tax year are recorded as revenue in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The remaining revenue related to the 2016 tax year extension has been deferred and will be recorded as revenue in fiscal year 2018. Based upon collection histories, the College records real property taxes at approximately 100% of the extended levy.

Note 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Elimination and reclassifications: Interfund activities between the College and its auxiliary enterprise are eliminated for purposes of preparing the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and the statements of net position.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during that reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Pending accounting pronouncements: GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (Employer)*, will be effective for the College beginning with its year ending June 30, 2018. This Statement outlines reporting by governments that provide OPEB to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments.

GASB Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*, will be effective for the College beginning with its year ended June 30, 2018. This Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement.

GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, will be effective for the College beginning with its year ended June 30, 2019. This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations ("AROs"). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement.

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, will be effective for the College beginning with its year ended June 30, 2020. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities.

GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*, will be effective for the College beginning with its year ended June 30, 2018. The objective of this Statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits).

GASB Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 30, 2018. The objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources (resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt) are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to the financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance.

Note 1. Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 30, 2021. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

Management has not yet completed its evaluation of the impact of the provisions of the standards on its financial statements. However, the impact of GASB Statement No. 75 will likely be material to the College.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments

As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, the College had the following cash, cash equivalents and investments:

Cash and cash equivalents: Maturity Carrying Value Carrying Value Cash and cash equivalents: \$ 19,837,188 \$ 19,389,951 Restricted accounts - money market 198,883 1,469,753 ISDLAF Plus savings accounts 74,225,481 56,195,883 ISDLAF Plus money market accounts 9,647,660 5,888,833 Illinois Funds - 75,542 Total cash and cash equivalents 103,909,212 83,019,962 Investments:				2017		2016
Cash accounts \$ 19,837,188 \$ 19,389,951 Restricted accounts - money market 198,883 1,469,753 ISDLAF Plus savings accounts 74,225,481 56,195,883 ISDLAF Plus money market accounts 9,647,660 5,888,833 Illinois Funds - 75,542 Total cash and cash equivalents 103,909,212 83,019,962 Investments:		Maturity	rity Carrying Value			arrying Value
Restricted accounts - money market 198,883 1,469,753 ISDLAF Plus savings accounts 74,225,481 56,195,883 ISDLAF Plus money market accounts 9,647,660 5,888,833 Illinois Funds - 75,542 Total cash and cash equivalents 103,909,212 83,019,962 Investments:	Cash and cash equivalents:					
ISDLAF Plus savings accounts 74,225,481 56,195,883 ISDLAF Plus money market accounts 9,647,660 5,888,833 Illinois Funds - 75,542 Total cash and cash equivalents 103,909,212 83,019,962 Investments:	Cash accounts		\$	19,837,188	\$	19,389,951
ISDLAF Plus money market accounts 9,647,660 5,888,833 Illinois Funds - 75,542 Total cash and cash equivalents 103,909,212 83,019,962 Investments:	Restricted accounts - money market			198,883		1,469,753
Illinois Funds	ISDLAF Plus savings accounts			74,225,481		56,195,883
Total cash and cash equivalents 103,909,212 83,019,962 Investments:	ISDLAF Plus money market accounts			9,647,660		5,888,833
Investments:	Illinois Funds			-		75,542
	Total cash and cash equivalents			103,909,212		83,019,962
	Investments:					
Certificates of deposit less than 1 year 7,164,349 38,916,565	Certificates of deposit	less than 1 year		7,164,349		38,916,565
Certificates of deposit 1 to 5 years	Certificates of deposit	1 to 5 years		-		7,172,900
Total investments 7,164,349 46,089,465	Total investments			7,164,349		46,089,465
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Total cash, cash equivalents and investmen	nts	\$	111,073,561	\$	129,109,427
Current assets:	Current assets:					
Cash \$ 103,710,329 \$ 81,550,209	Cash		\$	103,710,329	\$	81,550,209
Investments 7,164,349 38,916,565	Investments			7,164,349		38,916,565
Noncurrent assets:	Noncurrent assets:					
Restricted cash and cash equivalents 198,883 1,469,753	Restricted cash and cash equivalents			198,883		1,469,753
Other long-term investments 7,172,900	Other long-term investments			-		7,172,900
Total cash, cash equivalents and investments \$\\\\$111,073,561\$\$ \\$129,109,427\$	Total cash, cash equivalents and investmen	nts	\$	111,073,561	\$	129,109,427

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>. Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of investments will decrease as a result of an increase in interest rates. The College's investment policy does not limit the maturities of investments as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The College held no investments subject to interest rate risk.

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

<u>Credit Risk</u>. Credit risk is the risk that the College will not recover its investments due to the ability of the counterparty to fulfill its obligation. Illinois statutes authorize the College to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, interest-bearing savings accounts, interest-bearing time deposits, money market mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (limited to U.S. Government obligations), shares issued by savings and loan associations (provided the investments are insured by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation (FSLIC)), short-term discount obligations issued by the Federal National Mortgage Association, share accounts of certain credit unions, investments in the Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund, and certain repurchase agreements.

The College is also authorized to invest in short-term obligations of corporations organized in the United States with assets exceeding \$500,000,000 if such obligations are rated at the time of purchase within the three highest classifications established by two or more standard rating services, the obligations mature within 180 days, no more than 1/3 of the total average balances from all funds available at the end of each month is invested in such obligations at any time and such purchases do not exceed 10% of a corporation's outstanding obligations. Investments may be made only in banks which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

The College's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices. The College's investments in the Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund and Illinois Funds were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of investment in any one single issuer. The College's investment policy does not limit the amount the College may invest in any one issuer. The College is considered to have a concentration of credit risk if its investment in any one single issuer is greater than 5% of the total fixed income investments. At June 30, 2017 and 2016, the College did not have a concentration of credit risk.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk.</u> With respect to deposits, custodial credit risk refers to the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the College's deposits may not be returned to it. The College's investment policy limits the exposure to deposit custodial credit risk by requiring all deposits in excess of FDIC insurable limits to be secured by collateral in the event of default or failure of the financial institution holding the funds. As of June 30, 2017, the bank balance of the College's deposits with financial institutions were all fully collateralized and insured. There were no investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

The College adopted GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, in fiscal year 2016. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

The College categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation input used to measure the fair value of the asset.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets
- Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs which include quoted prices for similar
 assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in markets that
 are not active; or using other inputs such as interest rates and yield curves at commonly quoted
 intervals, implied volatilities and credit spreads or market-corroborated inputs
- Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs

Note 2. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The carrying amount of the investments and fair value hierarchy at June 30, 2017 is as follows:

		Fair Value Measurements Using					
		Quoted	Prices in	Sig	gnificant Other		Significant
		Active M	larkets for		Observable	l	Jnobservable
		Identica	al Assets		Inputs		Inputs
		Assets	(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)
\$	249,000	\$	-	\$	249,000	\$	-
_							
t	6,915,349						
\$	7,164,349	- -					
	\$ t\$	t 6,915,349	Active M Identica Assets \$ 249,000 \$ t 6,915,349	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets Assets (Level 1) \$ 249,000 \$ - t 6,915,349	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets Assets (Level 1) Clevel 2 \$ 249,000 \$ - \$ 249,000 \$ 6,915,349	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Observable Identical Assets Inputs Assets (Level 1) (Level 2) \$ 249,000 \$ - \$ 249,000 \$ \$ 6,915,349

The carrying amount of the investments and fair value hierarchy at June 30, 2016 is as follows:

		Fair Value Measurements Using						
		Quote	d Prices in	Si	gnificant Other		Significant	
		Active	Markets for		Observable	- 1	Unobservable	
		Identi	cal Assets		Inputs		Inputs	
Investments Measured at Fair Value		Assets	s (Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)	
Participating certificates of deposit	\$ 5,723,599	\$ -		\$	5,723,599	\$	-	
Investments Not Measured at Fair Value								
Non-participating certificates of deposit	40,365,866	_						
Total Investments	\$ 46,089,465	= =						

Participating certificates of deposit classified as Level 2 investments are valued using quoted prices for similar assets in active markets. The College does not have Level 1 or Level 3 investments.

The College has cash equivalents as of June 30, 2017 measured at net asset value (NAV) based on amortized cost as follows:

ISDLAF Plus money market accounts	\$ 9,647,660
Illinois Funds	 -
	\$ 9,647,660

The College has cash equivalents as of June 30, 2016 measured at NAV based on amortized cost as follows:

ISDLAF Plus money market accounts	\$	5,888,833
Illinois Funds		75,542
	\$	5,964,375

Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2016	Additions	June 30, 2017	
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress Land	\$ 54,349,101 12,487,877	\$ 19,420,227 -	\$ 47,660,363	\$ 26,108,965 12,487,877
Total capital assets not being depreciated	66,836,978	19,420,227	47,660,363	38,596,842
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Land improvements	7,165,984	5,090,280	246,024	12,010,240
Buildings and improvements	131,082,221	48,705,516	1,584,811	178,202,926
Furniture and equipment	30,252,591	4,919,668	984,820	34,187,439
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	168,500,796	58,715,464	2,815,655	224,400,605
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	5,562,681	531,439	117,545	5,976,575
Buildings and improvements	56,588,307	4,329,397	1,497,264	59,420,440
Furniture and equipment	19,712,045	2,642,300	772,286	21,582,059
Total accumulated depreciation	81,863,033	7,503,136	2,387,095	86,979,074
30p.00.a	3.,555,550	.,,		33,3.3,3.1
Total capital assets				
being depreciated, net	86,637,763	51,212,328	428,560	137,421,531
Total capital assets, net	\$ 153,474,741	\$ 70,632,555	\$ 48,088,923	\$ 176,018,373

Note 3. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	Balance June 30,			Balance June 30,
	2015	Additions	Deletions	2016
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Construction in progress Land	\$ 9,746,732 12,487,877	\$ 45,408,532 -	\$ 806,163 -	\$ 54,349,101 12,487,877
Total capital assets not being depreciated	22,234,609	45,408,532	806,163	66,836,978
Capital assets being				
depreciated:				
Land improvements	6,680,676	485,308	-	7,165,984
Buildings and improvements	130,812,554	364,792	95,125	131,082,221
Furniture and equipment	28,506,444	1,801,207	55,060	30,252,591
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	165,999,674	2,651,307	150,185	168,500,796
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	5,323,158	239,523	-	5,562,681
Buildings and improvements	53,839,445	2,834,774	85,912	56,588,307
Furniture and equipment	17,481,428	2,264,419	33,802	19,712,045
Total accumulated	70.044.004	5.000.710	110 711	04.000.000
depreciation	76,644,031	5,338,716	119,714	81,863,033
Total capital assets		(0.007.400)	20.474	
being depreciated, net	89,355,643	(2,687,409)	30,471	86,637,763
Total capital assets, net	\$ 111,590,252	\$ 42,721,123	\$ 836,634	\$ 153,474,741

Note 4. Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses consisted of the following at June 30:

	2017			2016
Accrued payroll and benefits Accrued vacation Accrued construction retainage	\$	2,429,588 2,090,004 2,707,711	\$	2,006,382 2,067,179 2,445,558
Accrued health insurance claims Accrued workers' compensation claims		664,701 66,411		564,206 81,971
Accrued expenses - other Total accrued expenses	\$	1,520,427 9,478,842	\$	512,070 7,677,366

Note 5. Long-Term Obligations

The College has the following outstanding bonds payable as of June 30, 2017 and 2016:

General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2012 with a yield of 2.00% to 3.00% depending on the date of serial maturity through 2027. The bonds are full faith and credit general obligations of the College payable both as to principal and interest from funds of the College lawfully available for payments, and ad valorem taxes levied against all taxable property therein without limitation as to rate or amount. The original liability upon issuance was \$19,850,000. The College received a premium of \$654,118 and paid issue costs of \$62,865. The principal balance at June 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$15,025,000 and \$15,325,000, respectively.

General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding Certificates, Series 2012 with a yield of 1.125% to 1.5% depending on the date of serial maturity through 2018. The certificates are general obligations of the College both as to principal and interest from the funds of the College lawfully available for payments. The original liability upon issuance was \$1,470,000. The College received a premium of \$29,129 and paid issue costs of \$39,750. The principal balance at June 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$305,000 and \$605,000, respectively.

General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2013A with a yield of 2% to 4% depending on the date of serial maturity through 2024. The certificates are general obligations of the College both as to principal and interest from the funds of the College lawfully available for payments. The original liability upon issuance was \$31,690,000. The College received a premium of \$2,076,140 and paid issue costs of \$326,140. The principal balance at June 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$26,735,000 and \$28,435,000, respectively.

General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2013B with a yield of 3.5% to 4.75% depending on the date of serial maturity through 2034. The certificates are general obligations of the College both as to principal and interest from the funds of the College lawfully available for payments. The original liability upon issuance was \$26,790,000. The College received a premium of \$329,595 and paid issue costs of \$559,595. The principal balance at June 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$21,045,000 and \$22,995,000, respectively.

General Obligation Limited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 with a yield of 2% through 2018. The bonds are full faith and credit general obligations of the College payable both as to principal and interest from funds of the College lawfully available for payments, and ad valorem taxes levied against all taxable property therein without limitation as to rate or amount. The original liability upon issuance was \$2,835,000. The College received a premium of \$93,202 and paid issue costs of \$55,543. The bonds were issued as an advanced refunding of the Series 2005 General Obligation Limited Tax Funding Bonds. The principal balance at June 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$960,000 and \$1,905,000, respectively.

Note 5. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Changes in long-term obligations during the year ended June 30, 2017 were as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2016	,	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2017	Amounts Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds:						
Par	\$ 69,265,000	\$	-	\$ 5,195,000	\$ 64,070,000	\$ 5,400,000
Premium	 1,725,715		-	 384,300	 1,341,415	
Total general obligation bonds, net	70,990,715		-	 5,579,300	 65,411,415	 5,400,000
Postemployment benefits	 2,460,419		581,828	 642,899	 2,399,348	 -
	\$ 73,451,134	\$	581,828	\$ 6,222,199	\$ 67,810,763	\$ 5,400,000

Changes in long-term obligations during the year ended June 30, 2016 were as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2015	,	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2016	Amounts Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds:						
Par	\$ 74,320,000	\$	-	\$ 5,055,000	\$ 69,265,000	\$ 5,195,000
Premium	 2,148,846		-	423,131	 1,725,715	
Total general						
obligation bonds, net	 76,468,846			 5,478,131	 70,990,715	5,195,000
Postemployment benefits	 2,472,103		599,863	 611,547	 2,460,419	
	\$ 78,940,949	\$	599,863	\$ 6,089,678	\$ 73,451,134	\$ 5,195,000

The following is a schedule of the future debt service payments for general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2017:

Principal	Interest	Total
\$ 5,400,000	\$ 2,351,973	\$ 7,751,973
5,305,000	2,208,885	7,513,885
5,515,000	2,024,035	7,539,035
5,745,000	1,824,210	7,569,210
5,985,000	1,608,510	7,593,510
22,715,000	4,983,575	27,698,575
9,135,000	2,293,393	11,428,393
4,270,000	305,570	4,575,570
\$ 64,070,000	\$ 17,600,151	\$ 81,670,151
	\$ 5,400,000 5,305,000 5,515,000 5,745,000 5,985,000 22,715,000 9,135,000 4,270,000	\$ 5,400,000 \$ 2,351,973 5,305,000 2,208,885 5,515,000 2,024,035 5,745,000 1,824,210 5,985,000 1,608,510 22,715,000 4,983,575 9,135,000 2,293,393 4,270,000 305,570

Note 6. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. The College of Lake County contributes to the State Universities Retirement System of Illinois, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation whereby the State of Illinois (the State) makes substantially all actuarially determined required contributions on behalf of the participating employers. SURS was established July 21, 1941 to provide retirement annuities and other benefits for staff members and employees of state universities, certain affiliated organizations, and certain other state educational and scientific agencies and for survivors, dependents, and other beneficiaries of such employees. SURS is considered a component unit of the State of Illinois' financial reporting entity and is included in the state's financial reports as a pension trust fund. SURS is governed by Section 5/15, Chapter 40 of the Illinois Compiled Statutes. SURS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by accessing the website at www.SURS.org.

Benefits Provided. A traditional benefit plan was established in 1941. Public Act 90-0448 enacted effective January 1, 1998, established an alternative defined benefit program known as the portable benefit package. The traditional and portable plan Tier 1 refers to members that began participation prior to January 1, 2011. Public Act 96-0889 revised the traditional and portable benefit plans for members who begin participation on or after January 1, 2011, and who do not have other eligible Illinois reciprocal system services. The revised plan is referred to as Tier 2. New employees are allowed 6 months after their date of hire to make an irrevocable election. A summary of the benefit provisions as of June 30, 2017 can be found in the System's comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) Notes to the Financial Statements.

Contributions. The State of Illinois is primarily responsible for funding the System on behalf of the individual employers at an actuarially determined amount. Public Act 88-0593 provides a Statutory Funding Plan consisting of two parts: (i) a ramp-up period from 1996 to 2010 and (ii) a period of contributions equal to a level percentage of the payroll of active members of the System to reach 90% of the total Actuarial Accrued Liability by the end of Fiscal Year 2045. Employer contributions from "trust, federal, and other funds" are provided under Section 15-155(b) of the Illinois Pension Code and require employers to pay contributions which are sufficient to cover the accruing normal costs on behalf of applicable employees. The employer normal cost for fiscal year 2016 and 2017, respectively, was 12.69% and 12.53% of employee payroll. The normal cost is equal to the value of current year's pension benefit and does not include any allocation for the past unfunded liability or interest on the unfunded liability. Plan members are required to contribute 8.0% of their annual covered salary. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the Illinois General Assembly.

Participating employers make contributions toward separately financed specific liabilities under Section 15-139.5(e) of the Illinois Pension Code (relating to contributions payable due to the employment of "affected annuitants" or specific return to work annuitants) and Section 15-155(g) (relating to contributions payable due to earning increases exceeding 6% during the final rate of earnings period).

For the purposes of financial reporting, the State of Illinois and participating employers are considered to be under a special funding situation. A special funding situation is defined as a circumstance in which a non-employer entity is legally responsible for making contributions directly to a pension plan that is used to provide pensions to the employees of another entity or entities and either (1) the amount of the contributions for which the non-employer entity is legally responsible is not dependent upon one or more events unrelated to pensions or (2) the non-employer is the only entity with a legal obligation to make contributions directly to a pension plan. The State of Illinois is considered a non-employer contributing entity. Participating employers are considered employer contributing entities.

Note 6. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Employer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability

The proportionate share of the State's net pension liability associated with the College of Lake County is \$396,192,850 or 1.5259% as of the measurement date. The amount of the proportionate share of the net pension liability to be recognized for College of Lake County as of the measurement date is \$0 due to the special funding situation described above. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and total projected pension benefits used to calculate the net pension liability was determined based on the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2016. The basis of allocation used to determine the College's proportionate share of net pension liability is the actual reported pension contributions made to SURS during fiscal year 2016 as compared to the total actual reported pension contributions of all employers.

Employer Proportionate Share of Pension Expense

The employer proportionate share of collective pension expense is recognized as on-behalf payments for both the contributions made by the State and the matching expense in the financial statements. The basis of allocation used in the proportionate share of collective pension expense are the actual reported pension contributions made to SURS during fiscal years 2017 and 2016. As a result, College of Lake County recognized on-behalf revenue and pension expense of \$39,156,000 and \$30,086,085 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Deferral of Fiscal Year 2016 Pension Expense

Deferred outflows of resources are the consumption of net position by the system that is applicable to future reporting periods. The College paid \$121,581 and \$144,948 in federal, trust or grant contributions for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. These contributions were made subsequent to the pension liability measurement date of June 30, 2016 and 2015, and are recognized as deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2017 and 2016.

Assumptions and Other Inputs

Actuarial Assumptions. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period June 30, 2010 – 2014. The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.75 percent

Salary increases 3.75 to 15.00 percent, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.25 percent beginning with the actuarial valuation as of

June 30, 2014

Mortality rates were based on the RP2014 Combined Mortality Table with projected generational mortality and a separate morality assumption for disabled participants.

Note 6. Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return were adopted by the plan's trustees after considering input from the plan's investment consultant(s) and actuary(s).

For each major asset class that is included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	23%	6.08%
Private Equity	6%	8.73%
Non-U.S. Equity	19%	6.95%
Global Equity	8%	6.78%
Fixed Income	19%	1.17%
Treasury-Inflation Protected Securities	4%	1.41%
Emerging Market Debt	3%	4.44%
Real Estate REITS	4%	5.75%
Direct Real Estate	6%	4.62%
Commodities	2%	4.23%
Hedged Strategies	5%	4.00%
Opportunity Fund	1%_	6.54%
Total	100%	5.09%
Inflation		2.75%
Expected Arithmetic Return		7.84%

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.010% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on an expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.250% and a municipal bond rate of 2.85% (based on the weekly rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the 20-Year Bond Buyer Index as published by the Federal Reserve). The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate were the amounts of contributions attributable to current plan members and assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the statutory contribution rates under the System's funding policy. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were sufficient to finance the benefit payments through the year 2073. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2073, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date.

Additional information regarding the SURS basic financial statements including the Plan Net Position can be found in the SURS comprehensive annual financial report by accessing the website at www.SURS.org.

Note 7. Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave)

In the event of job termination, an employee is reimbursed for an accumulated maximum number of vacation days, which ranges from 40 to 52 days, depending on the classification of the employee. Vacation days earned in one vacation year may not be carried forward beyond the end of the following year. Therefore, the entire accrued vacation liability on the statement of net position is considered a current liability. Employees may accumulate unused sick leave subject to certain limits, and receive additional service credit under the State Universities Retirement System (SURS).

Changes in the accrued compensated absences liability were as follows:

	 2017	 2016
Accrued compensated absences – beginning of year	\$ 2,067,179	\$ 1,955,479
Compensated absences incurred – during year	2,090,004	2,067,179
Compensated absences used – during year	 (2,067,179)	(1,955,479)
Accrued compensated absences – end of year	\$ 2,090,004	\$ 2,067,179
Amounts due within one year	\$ 2,090,004	\$ 2,067,179

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Note 8. Contingent Liabilities

The College's legal advisor estimates that potential claims not covered by insurance would not materially affect the financial statements or is unable to estimate the effect on the financial statements.

Note 9. Postretirement Healthcare Benefits

Plan description: In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 6, the College provides postretirement healthcare benefits (OPEB) to retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan (the Plan). The benefit, benefit levels, employee contributions, and employer contributions are governed by the College and can be amended by the College through its personnel manual and union contracts. The Plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the Plan. The Plan does not issue a separate report.

Benefits provided: The College provides pre and post Medicare post-retirement health insurance to retirees. To be eligible for benefits, the employee must qualify for retirement under the State University Retirement System. The retirees pay the blended premium. Upon a retiree becoming eligible for Medicare, the amount payable under the College's health plan will be reduced by the amount payable under Medicare for those expenses that are covered under both.

Funding policy: The College is not required to and currently does not advance fund the cost of benefits that will become due and payable in the future. Active employees do not contribute to the Plan until retirement.

Annual OPEB cost and net OPEB obligation: The College's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC). The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funded excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the College's annual OPEB cost for the current year and two prior years, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the College's net OPEB obligation for the postemployment healthcare benefits.

Note 9. Postretirement Healthcare Benefits (Continued)

The College's annual OPEB costs, the percentage of annual OPEB costs contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligations for fiscal years 2017, 2016 and 2015 were as follows:

	2017	2016	2015
Annual OPEB Cost	\$ 581,828	\$ 599,863	\$ 599,352
Percentage of OPEB Cost Contributed	110.5%	101.9%	104.7%
Net OPEB Obligation	2,399,348	2,460,419	2,472,103

Funding status: As of July 1, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$7,762,508 all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered under the plan) was \$32,520,316 and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 24 percent.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

	2017		 2016
Annual required contribution	\$	633,537	\$ 644,802
Interest on the net OPEB obligation		110,719	111,245
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(162,428)	 (156,184)
Annual OPEB cost		581,828	599,863
Contributions made		642,899	611,547
Decrease in net OPEB obligation		(61,071)	 (11,684)
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year		2,460,419	 2,472,103
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$	2,399,348	\$ 2,460,419

Actuarial methods and assumptions: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2016 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.50% healthcare cost trend rate. The actuarial value of assets was not determined as the College has not advance funded its obligation. The Plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized using a level dollar method over 24 years on a closed group basis. The inflation rate and discount rate assumptions used were 2.75% and 4.5% per year, respectively.

Note 10. Risk Management

The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; and natural disasters. The College carries commercial insurance coverage related to these potential risks and believes coverages are adequate to cover such risks. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The College maintains a self-insured plan to cover health and dental benefits and workers' compensation for its employees through third-party administrators. Claims, expenditures and liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. These losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported, net of the stop loss that is specific to each type of coverage. This liability is the College's best estimate based on available information and is expected to be paid within the next fiscal year. Changes in the College's liability for employee health and workers' compensation claims for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 are as follows:

	2017		2016	2015
Claims payable – beginning of year	\$	646,177	\$ 637,963	\$ 905,671
Claims and other expenses incurred		10,602,689	10,467,138	9,660,905
Claims paid		(10,517,754)	 (10,458,924)	(9,928,613)
Claims payable – end of year	\$	731,112	\$ 646,177	\$ 637,963

Note 11. Operating Lease Commitments

The College purchased a building in Waukegan, Illinois to house the University Center, an Illinois not-for-profit corporation. The University Center rents approximately 30% of the building in perpetuity for \$1,000,000, which was prepaid in full. The University Center has the right of first refusal to additional space as it becomes available and will pay current market rates for any additional space leased. The College is amortizing the prepayment to income over the term of the lease (estimated to be 50 years). Lease income recognized during each of the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 was \$20,000. Unearned revenue related to the lease was \$740,000 and \$760,000 at June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Note 12. Expenses by Natural Classification

Expenses are reported in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position by functional classification. The College's operating expenses by natural classification for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016 are as follows:

	2017		2016
Natural classification of total expenses:			 _
Salaries	\$	66,382,241	\$ 65,917,013
Benefits		53,240,426	45,102,251
Contractual services		7,315,762	9,612,331
Materials and supplies		7,192,586	8,314,377
Travel and meetings		707,063	1,005,103
Fixed charges		1,980,120	1,918,800
Utilities		2,523,575	2,676,907
Interest		1,274,501	196,847
Depreciation		7,503,136	5,338,718
Other		5,444,447	 6,385,882
Total expenses	\$	153,563,857	\$ 146,468,229

The totals above differ from the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position operating expenses amount by the amount of interest expense which is classified as nonoperating and proceeds from the sale of capital assets of \$5,125 and \$0 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Note 13. Commitments

In conjunction with the Illinois Capital Development Board, a State of Illinois agency, the College is in the process of constructing a new science building on the Grayslake campus. Total estimated costs are \$30,001,708. The College's total share of the project is \$13,117,946. Total funds expended on this project as of June 30, 2017 were \$12,842,203 of the total estimated project costs.

The College has also committed to certain architectural services, consulting, and campus construction totaling \$11,372,856 related to the master plan as of June 30, 2017. Costs were funded through the issuance of public debt. See Note 5 for further discussion of long-term obligations of the College.

Note 14. Subsequent Event

On July 6, 2017, the State of Illinois passed its budget and PA 100-0021, an Act concerning appropriations, which included funding for the College's fiscal year that ended June 30, 2017. Since appropriations related to fiscal year 2017 were not approved as of June 30, 2017, the State will not record the liability as of June 30, 2017; therefore, the College will not accrue the revenue, which included the base operating grant of \$4,782,544, MAP of \$968,085, Adult Education of \$328,477 and CTE grant of \$562,410. If these receivables were recorded, State appropriations and net position would have increased by \$6,641,516.

Note 15. Component Unit

The Foundation's notes to the Financial Statements were as follows:

Nature of Activities and Significant Accounting Policies

Organization: College of Lake County Foundation (the Foundation) was established in 1974 for the purpose of providing resources for projects that are not funded through the regular operating budget of the College of Lake County – Community College District No. 532 (the College), but that support the mission and goals of the College. Funds raised through donations, grants, and benefit events are used to fund scholarships and grants that provide College of Lake County students an opportunity for a better future. Through these efforts, the Foundation strengthens the vitality and well-being of the diverse communities the College and Foundation serves. Essentially all of the Foundation's revenue and expenses are for the benefit of the College. The Foundation is a private, not-for-profit organization that reports its financial results under Financial Accounting Standard Board (FASB) guidance.

Under the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, the Foundation is reported as a component unit of the College in the College's separately issued financial statements. The College has determined it would be misleading to not include the Foundation as a discretely presented component unit.

Basis of presentation: The financial statements of the Foundation have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. In order to ensure observance of limitations and restrictions placed on the use of resources available to the Foundation, the accounts of the Foundation are maintained in accordance with the principles and practices of fund accounting. Fund accounting is the procedure by which resources for various purposes are classified for accounting and reporting purposes in accordance with activities or objectives specified by the donor. Separate accounts are maintained for each fund and all financial transactions are recorded and reported by fund group.

For external reporting purposes, however, the Foundation's financial statements have been prepared to focus on the organization as a whole and to present balances and transactions classified in accordance with the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Net assets and related activity are classified as unrestricted, temporarily restricted, and permanently restricted, as follows:

Unrestricted – net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions.

Temporarily restricted – net assets that are subject to donor-imposed restrictions that will be met either by the actions of the Foundation or the passage of time. Items that affect this net asset category are temporarily restricted contributions, including pledges for which restrictions have not been met such as time restrictions. Temporarily restricted net assets at June 30, 2017 and 2016, consist of contributions restricted for scholarships and income earned on permanently restricted scholarships that has not yet been appropriated for expenditure by the board.

Permanently restricted – net assets that are subject to donor-imposed restrictions to be maintained permanently by the Foundation. Items that affect this net asset category include gifts wherein donors stipulate that the corpus be held in perpetuity (primarily, gifts for endowment) and only the income be made available for program purposes (i.e., scholarships) or general operations of the College.

Support and revenue are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets unless use of the related assets is limited by donor-imposed restrictions. Expenses are reported as decreases in unrestricted net assets. Gains and losses on investments and other assets or liabilities are reported as increases or decreases in unrestricted net assets unless their use is restricted by explicit donor stipulation or law. Expiration of temporary restrictions on net assets (i.e., the donor-stipulated purpose has been fulfilled and/or the stipulated time period has elapsed) are reported as reclassifications between applicable classes of net assets.

Note 15. Component Unit (Continued)

Current year changes initiated by donors to prior year donor restriction classifications are shown as "Change in donor designation" on the statement of activities.

Cash and cash equivalents: Cash equivalents consist of cash and highly liquid short-term investments including money market account deposits with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of purchase.

The Foundation maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Foundation has not experienced any losses in such accounts. Management believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash.

Investments: Investments are reported at fair value. The fair value of investments is provided by the investment custodians. Except for alternative investments, fair value is based on quoted market prices. The Foundation reports the fair value of alternative investments, which include hedge funds and managed futures as of June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016, using the practical expedient. The practical expedient allows for the use of net asset value (NAV), either as reported by the investee fund or as adjusted by the Foundation based on various factors.

Investment income, gains and losses, and any investment-related expenses are recorded as changes in unrestricted net assets in the statements of activities unless their use is temporarily or permanently restricted by explicit donor stipulations or law. In the absence of donor stipulations or law to the contrary, losses on the investments of donor restricted endowment funds are recognized as reductions of temporarily restricted net assets to the extent that donor imposed restrictions on net appreciation of the funds have not been met before the loss occurs. Any remaining loss reduces unrestricted net assets.

Beneficial interest in trusts: The Foundation has been designated as the beneficiary of assets held in a charitable remainder trust administered by an other trustee. The Foundation recognizes temporarily restricted contribution revenue and an asset for the present value of the estimated future benefits to be received when the trust assets are distributed. Adjustments to the receivable to reflect the revaluation of the present value of the estimated future payments to the Foundation are recognized in the statement of activities as a change in the value of split interest agreements.

Grants and scholarships payable: Grants and scholarships payable are recorded in connection with amounts due to specified individuals or organizations.

Donated goods and services: The Foundation receives donated materials, stock and other noncash items which are recorded as contributions at their estimated fair value on the date of receipt.

The Foundation receives donated services consisting of audit and accounting services, Foundation personnel time and other operating support from the College without charge. These amounts are included in unrestricted contributions and expenses in the statements of activities.

Contributions: Contributions, including unconditional pledges, are recognized in the appropriate category of net assets in the period received. Conditional pledges are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Contributions of assets other than cash are recorded at estimated fair value. Contributions to be received after one year are discounted and recorded at the present value using a rate commensurate with the rights involved. Amortization of the discount is recorded as additional contribution revenue in accordance with donor-imposed restrictions, if any, on the contributions. An allowance for uncollectible pledges is recognized based on historical experience, as necessary. No allowance for uncollectible pledges was recognized for the years ended June 30, 2017 or 2016.

Note 15. Component Unit (Continued)

Deferred revenue: Deferred revenue represents special event revenues that have not yet been earned.

Collections: The Foundation's collections, which were acquired through purchases and contributions since the Foundation's inception, are not recognized as assets on the statements of financial position. The collections are made up of artifacts or art objects that are held for educational purposes. Purchases of collection items are recorded as decreases in unrestricted net assets in the year in which the items are acquired. Contributed collection items are not reflected in the financial statements. Proceeds from deaccessions or insurance recoveries are reflected as increases in the appropriate net asset classes.

Tax status: The Foundation has received a determination letter from the Internal Revenue Service indicating it is a tax-exempt organization as provided in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and, except for taxes related to unrelated business income, is exempt from federal and state income taxes.

The Foundation may recognize a tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be substantiated on examination by taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. Examples of tax positions include the tax-exempt status of the Foundation and various positions related to the potential sources of unrelated business income tax (UBIT). The tax benefits recognized in the financial statements from such a position are measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than 50 percent likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. There were no unrecognized tax benefits identified or recorded as liabilities during the period covered by these financial statements.

The Foundation files information and income tax returns in the U.S. federal jurisdiction and the State of Illinois. The Foundation is generally no longer subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service for the fiscal years before 2014.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (U.S. GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

New accounting pronouncements: In May 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2015-07, Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Disclosures for Investments in Certain Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share (or Its Equivalent). The amendments remove the requirement to categorize within the fair value hierarchy those investments for which fair value is measured using the net asset value per share practical expedient. The amendments in this update will be effective as of July 1, 2017, for the Foundation. The adoption will not have a material effect on the financial statements.

In May 2014, the FASB issued ASU 2014-09, *Revenue From Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)*, requiring an entity to recognize the amount of revenue to which it expects to be entitled for the transfer of promised goods or services to customers. The updated standard will replace most existing revenue recognition guidance in U.S. GAAP when it becomes effective and permits the use of either a full retrospective or retrospective with cumulative effect transition method. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-04 which defers the effective date of ASU 2014-09 one year making it effective as of July 1, 2019, for the Foundation. The Foundation has not yet selected a transition method and is currently evaluating the effect that the standard will have on its financial statements.

Note 15. Component Unit (Continued)

In August, 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-14, *Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Presentation of Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Entities.* The amendments in this update include significant changes to the financial reporting model for Not-for-Profit organizations. Key elements in this update include reducing net asset classification from three to two categories, expanded disclosures about the nature and amount of any donor restrictions, expanded disclosures on any board designations of net assets, and other additional disclosures. The amendments in this update will be effective as of July 1, 2018 for the Foundation, and will likely have a material effect on the presentation of the financial statements.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*. The guidance in this ASU supersedes the leasing guidance in Topic 840, *Leases*. Under the new guidance, lessees are required to recognize lease assets and lease liabilities on the statement of financial position for all leases with terms longer than twelve months. Leases will be classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the statement of activities. The new standard is effective for the Foundation for the year ending June 30, 2021.

Reclassifications: Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform with current year presentation. The reclassifications had no impact on the change in net assets or total net assets reported for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Subsequent events: The Foundation's management has performed an analysis of the activities and transactions subsequent to June 30, 2017, to determine the need for any adjustments to and/or disclosures within the audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017. Management has performed their analysis through October 4, 2017, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the Foundation's principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date.

The FASB establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

<u>Level 1</u>: Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

<u>Level 2</u>: Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3: All Level 3 investments as of June 30, 2017 and June 30, 2016 are valued using the practical expedient. The practical expedient allows for the use of NAV, either as reported by the investee fund or adjusted by the Foundation based on various factors, to be used to determine fair value, under certain circumstances. These investments would have significant redemption and other restrictions that would limit the fund's ability to redeem out of the fund at report date NAV. The fair value of the investment is based on a combination of audited financial statements of the investees and monthly or quarterly statements received from the investees. The practical expedient may not be used on funds intended to liquidate or in the process of liquidation. Such funds are valued based on the fund manager's expectation of liquidation proceeds.

Note 15. Component Unit (Continued)

In many cases, a valuation technique used to measure fair value includes inputs from multiple levels of the fair value hierarchy. The lowest level of significant input determines the placement of the entire fair value measurement in the hierarchy.

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis are summarized below:

	Fair Value Measurements Using							
	Quoted Prices in					Significant		
	Acti	ve Markets for	Signifi	cant Other	U	nobservable		
	Ide	entical Assets	Observ	able Inputs		Inputs		
		(Level 1)	(L	evel 2)		(Level 3)		
Assets at June 30, 2017:						_		
Publicly traded mutual funds:								
Small cap equity	\$	70,579	\$	-	\$	-		
Mid cap equity		98,485		-		-		
Large cap equity		541,483		-		-		
International equity		554,384		-		-		
Fixed income		1,429,612		-		-		
Alternative investments:								
Hedge funds		-		-		160,183		
Managed future		-		-		46,202		
	\$	2,694,543	\$	-	\$	206,385		
Assets at June 30, 2016:								
Publicly traded mutual funds:								
Small cap equity	\$	36,633	\$	-	\$	-		
Mid cap equity	,	62,561	•	_	•	-		
Large cap equity		470,003		_		-		
International equity		607,507		_		-		
Fixed income		1,336,013		_		-		
Alternative investments:		, ,						
Hedge funds		-		_		150,187		
Managed future		-		_		48,353		
č	\$	2,512,717	\$	-	\$	198,540		

The Foundation did not have any transfers between any levels of the fair value hierarchy during the years ended June 30, 2017 or 2016. The Foundation's policy for determining transfers between levels occurs at the end of the reporting period when circumstances in the underlying valuation criteria change and result in transfer between levels.

Statement of Activities

Note 15. Component Unit (Continued)

The following tables present additional information about assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis for which the Foundation has utilized Level 3 inputs to determine fair value:

	Fair Value Measurements Using Significant					
	Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)					3)
				Managed		
	He	dge Funds		Future		Total
Beginning balance July 1, 2016	\$	150,187	\$	48,353	\$	198,540
Purchases		1,826		-		1,826
Total gains or losses (realized and unrealized)		8,170		(2,151)		6,019
Ending balance June 30, 2017	\$	160,183	\$	46,202	\$	206,385
Beginning balance July 1, 2015	\$	163,990	\$	49,154	\$	213,144
Purchases		3,148		-		3,148
Total gains or losses (realized and unrealized)		(16,951)		(801)		(17,752)
Ending balance June 30, 2016	\$	150,187	\$	48,353	\$	198,540
The amounts of unrealized gains and losses related to Level 3 investments held as of June 30, 2017, and included in the Statement of Activities	\$	8,170	\$	(2,151)	\$	6,019
The amounts of unrealized gains and losses related to Level 3 investments held as of June 30, 2016, and included in the						

The Foundation's Level 3 investments are valued using the practical expedient of NAV. These investments are Level 3 in nature primarily due to certain restrictions as stipulated in the fund agreements. Restrictions include limitations on the Foundation's right to sell and the fund's ability to repurchase or redeem the shares that limits the marketability of these investments.

\$

(16,951)

(801)

(17,752)

As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, the Foundation's Level 3 investments consisted of a managed future and hedge funds.

The managed future investment class amounted to \$46,202 and \$48,353 as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The managed future is an investment in a partnership whose objective is to achieve capital appreciation through the allocation of assets to early-stage commodity trading advisors or established advisors employing early-stage strategies which engage in speculative trading of a diversified portfolio of commodity interests, including futures, options on futures, forwards, options on forwards, spot and swap contracts, cash commodities and any other rights or interests pertaining thereto. As of June 30, 2017 and 2016, this investment can be redeemed at any time and has passed an initial lockup period. There are no unfunded commitments for the managed future investment as of June 30, 2017.

Note 15. Component Unit (Continued)

The hedge fund investment class amounted to \$160,183 and \$150,187 as of June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The Foundation invests in two hedge funds whose objective is to achieve capital appreciation through investments employing a variety of alternative investment strategies. These investment strategies include the flexibility to use leveraged and/or short-sale positions. The funds are subject to various redemption restrictions. There are no unfunded commitments for any hedge funds as of June 30, 2017.

Investments

The cost and fair value of the Foundation's investments at June 30, 2017 and 2016, are as follows:

	2017			2016				
		Cost		Fair Value		Cost		Fair Value
Publicly traded mutual funds:								_
Small cap equity	\$	59,096	\$	70,579	\$	34,427	\$	36,633
Mid cap equity		75,015		98,485		50,884		62,561
Large cap equity		359,762		541,483		365,467		470,003
International equity		504,951		554,384		586,286		607,507
Fixed income		1,433,835		1,429,612		1,352,215		1,336,013
Alternative investments:								
Hedge funds		164,916		160,183		163,091		150,187
Managed future		50,000		46,202		50,000		48,353
Temporarily uninvested cash		144,852		144,852		135,255		135,255
	\$	2,792,427	\$	3,045,780	\$	2,737,625	\$	2,846,512

Investment return (loss) for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, was as follows:

	 2017		2016
Return on investments:			_
Interest and dividends	\$ 37,182	\$	31,910
Realized gain on sale of investments	 17,866		15,589
Investment income	55,048		47,499
Unrealized (loss) gain on investments	 144,220		(89,376)
Total return on investments	\$ 199,268	\$	(41,877)

Investment management fees of \$26,492 in 2017 and \$25,588 in 2016 have been netted against interest and dividend income.

The various investments in stocks, securities, and mutual funds are exposed to a variety of uncertainties, including interest rate, market and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investments, it is possible that changes in the values of these investments could occur in the near term. Such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the financial statements of the Foundation.

Alternative investments are redeemable with the investee fund at NAV under the original terms of the subscription agreement. Due to the nature of these investments, changes in market conditions and the overall economic environment may significantly impact the NAV of the funds, and therefore the value of the Foundation's interest. It is, therefore, reasonably possible that, if the Foundation were to sell all or a portion of its market alternatives, the transaction value could be significantly different than the fair value reported as of June 30.

Note 15. Component Unit (Continued)

Charitable Remainder Trust

The Foundation was notified during fiscal year 2017 that it was named as a 25% beneficiary of an irrevocable charitable remainder trust (the "Trust") administered by a third party. The trust agreement required the Trust to make periodic payments to named income recipients over the income recipients' lifetimes. Upon the death of the last surviving recipient, which occurred during fiscal year 2017, the Trust shall distribute the remaining assets to the named beneficiaries.

The Trust did not make the distribution of assets by June 30, 2017 and has been classified as temporarily restricted. The trustee estimates that the Foundation will receive \$140,000, based on the fair value of the Trust assets less estimated expenses.

The Trust is comprised of the following at June 30, 2017:

Fair value of charitable remainder trust assets	\$ 604,212
Less: Estimated expenses	 (44,212)
Net estimated assets to distribute	 560,000
Other beneficiaries' interests (75%)	(420,000)
Beneficial interest in charitable remainder trust, net	\$ 140,000

Pledges Receivable

The Foundation received an unconditional pledge of \$45,000 in fiscal year 2014 that met the criteria for recognition as a temporarily restricted contribution in the year of pledge. The pledge was received as a receivable and was received over a three-year period ending in fiscal year 2017.

The Foundation received an unconditional pledge of \$150,000 in fiscal year 2016 that met the criteria for recognition as a temporarily restricted contribution in the year of pledge. The Foundation received \$50,000 in fiscal year 2016. The remaining pledge of \$100,000 was recorded as a receivable and the entire amount was received in fiscal year 2017.

The Foundation received two unconditional pledges of \$75,000 and \$20,000 in fiscal year 2017 that each met the criteria for recognition as a temporarily restricted contribution in the year of pledge. The pledges were recorded as a receivable and the entire amount will be received in fiscal year 2018.

Collectability of both pledges is considered to be reasonably assured and there is no allowance recorded as of June 30, 2017 or 2016. The Foundation has not recorded a present value discount for these pledges as they are due within one year.

The Foundation also received a conditional pledge in fiscal year 2015 that includes certain terms that must be achieved prior to recognition as a contribution. The Foundation received \$50,000 in each of fiscal years 2017, 2016 and 2015 that were recognized as an unrestricted contribution to a specific program being implemented. As the pledge is a conditional pledge, the amount has not been recorded on the financial statements as a pledge receivable as of June 30, 2017 or 2016.

Note 15. Component Unit (Continued)

Restrictions on Net Assets

The Foundation reports gifts of cash and other assets as restricted if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of donated assets. When donor restrictions expire, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the statements of activities as net assets released from restrictions. At the end of fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively, the Foundation held \$2,592,907 and \$2,471,359 in temporarily restricted net assets. These assets will be used for the following purposes:

	2017			2016
Scholarships for students of the College	\$	2,387,629	\$	2,179,258
Grants benefiting the College		205,278		292,101
	\$	2,592,907	\$	2,471,359

During fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively, \$829,392 and \$542,390 were released from restrictions and used for the following purposes:

	 2017		2016
Scholarships for students of the College	\$ 492,974	\$	488,904
Grants benefiting the College	 336,418		53,486
	\$ 829,392	\$	542,390

The Foundation's permanently restricted net assets consists of donor-restricted endowment funds to function as endowments for the following purposes:

	 2017	2016
		_
Scholarships for students of the College	\$ 1,200,204	\$ 1,196,709
Grants benefiting the College	 200,957	 200,957
	\$ 1,401,161	\$ 1,397,666

As required by U.S. GAAP, net assets associated with endowment funds, including funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. There were no funds designated by the Board of Directors to function as endowments as of June 30, 2017 and 2016.

During fiscal year 2016, the Board of Directors established a policy to create a board-designated endowment fund within the unrestricted net assets to which future gains (losses) on unrestricted investments will be posted. This designation will then not impact the amount of funding available for College programs and scholarships.

Note 15. Component Unit (Continued)

Interpretation of Relevant Law: The Board of Directors of the Foundation has interpreted the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gift as of the gift date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, the Foundation classifies as permanently restricted net assets (a) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (c) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the organization in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence prescribed by UPMIFA. In accordance with UPMIFA, the Foundation considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- (1) The duration and preservation of the fund
- (2) The purposes of the Foundation and the donor-restricted endowment fund
- (3) General economic conditions

Net assets, end of year

- (4) The possible effect of inflation and deflation
- (5) The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments

2017

- (6) Other resources of the Foundation
- (7) The investment policies of the Foundation.

\$

Changes in donor-restricted endowment net assets for year ended June 30:

				20)17				
			Te	emporarily	Р	ermanently			
	Unre	estricted	F	Restricted		Restricted		Total	
Net assets, beginning of year Investment return:	\$	-	\$	376,155	\$	1,397,666	\$	1,773,821	
Interest income, net of fees		-		90,890		2,956		93,846	
New gifts		-		11,564		10,300		21,864	
Change in classification of donor									
restrictions		-		(172)		(9,761)		(9,933)	
Appropriation for expenditure		-		(22,478)		-		(22,478)	
Net assets, end of year	\$	-	\$	455,959	\$	1,401,161	\$	1,857,120	
	2016								
	Unre	estricted		emporarily Restricted		ermanently Restricted		Total	
Net assets, beginning of year Investment return:	\$	-	\$	400,970	\$	1,315,865	\$	1,716,835	
Interest income, net of fees		-		(19,583)		-		(19,583)	
New gifts		_		0.057		33,300		43,257	
New girls		-		9,957		00,000		70,201	
Change in classification of donor		_							
		-		5,821 (21,010)		48,501		54,322 (21,010)	

\$

376,155

1,397,666

\$

1,773,821

Note 15. Component Unit (Continued)

Return Objectives and Risk Parameters: The Foundation has adopted investment and spending policies for endowment assets that attempt to provide a predictable stream of funding to programs supported by its endowment while seeking to maintain the purchasing power of the endowment assets. Endowment assets include those assets of donor-restricted funds that the Foundation must hold in perpetuity. Under this policy, the endowment assets are invested in a manner that is intended to achieve a balanced return of current income and modest growth of principal. The Foundation expects its endowment funds, over time, to provide an average rate of return that meets or exceeds the market index, or blended market index, that is selected and agreed upon by the Foundation Board that mostly corresponds to the investment objectives, while assuming an overall level of risk which is consistent with the risk associated with the selected benchmark. Actual returns in any given year may vary from this amount.

<u>Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives</u>: To satisfy its long-term rate-of-return objectives, the Foundation relies on a total return strategy in which investment returns are achieved through both capital appreciation (realized and unrealized) and current yield (interest and dividends). The Foundation targets a diversified asset allocation that places an emphasis on equity-based investments to achieve its long-term return objectives within prudent risk constraints.

<u>Donor-Restricted Funds with Deficiencies</u>: From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or UPMIFA requires the Foundation to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. Deficiencies of this nature that are in excess of related temporarily restricted amounts are reported in unrestricted net assets. The donor-restricted deficiencies as of June 30, 2017 or 2016 were \$0 and \$324, respectively.

<u>Spending Policy</u>: The Foundation's board attempts to balance the Foundation's shorter-term grant making obligations with its goal to provide grants into perpetuity, and therefore designed a spending policy which is flexible. The Foundation Board set a spending target equal to 3-5 percent of the average of the previous three years ending market values of participated funds. Donations may have additional restrictions that result in less than the spending target being spent. Donor-restricted principal, unless otherwise directed by the donor, shall not be disbursed.

Donated Goods and Services

The Foundation has various noncash transactions with the College and other third parties as described below:

i) Donated Services

As described in Note 1, the Foundation receives donated services and other operating support from the College. For the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, donated service revenue and related expenses with the College were approximately \$648,445 and \$758,461, respectively.

ii) Donated Securities

The Foundation received stock donations of \$25,194 and \$589,535 for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

iii) Other Noncash Donations

The Foundation receives various noncash donations, mostly equipment and supplies, from outside sources. These materials are then distributed to the College for use in its various programs. For the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016, noncash donation revenue and related expenses were approximately \$105,490 and \$46,315, respectively.



Required Supplementary Information

Other Post-Retirement Healthcare Benefits

Analysis of	Analysis of Funding Progress UAAL											
			Unfunded			as a						
	Actuarial		Actuarial			Percentage						
Actuarial	Value	Actuarial	Accrued			of Annual						
Valuation	of	Accrued	Liability	Funded	Covered	Covered						
Date	Assets	Liability	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll						
July 1,	(a)	(b)	(b) - (a)	(a) / (b)	(c)	((b - a) / c)						
2016	\$ -	\$ 7,762,508	\$ 7,762,508	0 % \$	32,520,316	24 %						
2014	-	8,088,521	8,088,521	0	33,736,983	24						
2012	-	9,414,423	9,414,423	0	43,722,874	22						
2011	-	9,682,986	9,682,986	0	35,707,743	27						
2010	-	11,720,553	11,720,553	0	34,667,712	34						
2009	-	13,560,889	13,560,889	0	37,481,179	36						
2008	-	13,025,082	13,025,082	0	36,389,494	36						

Employer Contributions

	Annual		
Fiscal Year	Required	Percentage	
Ended June 30,	Contribution	Contributed	
2017	\$ 633,537	101.5	%
2016	644,802	94.8	
2015	644,802	97.3	
2014	896,865	94.8	
2013	870,743	95.4	
2012	867,101	92.4	

Required Supplementary Information

State Universities Retirement System (SURS) Pension Plan

Schedule of the College's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

State Universities Retirement System

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2016		2015			2014
College's proportion of the net pension liability		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the College		396,192,850	3	358,337,760	3	345,012,299
Total	\$	396,192,850	\$ 3	358,337,760	\$ 3	345,012,299
College's covered payroll	\$	64,564,075	\$	63,953,380	\$	66,321,825
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		613.64%		560.31%		520.21%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		39.57%		42.37%		44.39%

^{*}Information is presented for as many years as is available. The College implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2016 with measurement date of June 30, 2015.

College of Lake County Community College District No. 532

Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of College Contributions

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2017		2016	2015		2014	
Contractually required contribution	\$	121,581	\$ 144,948	\$	225,318	\$	204,318
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	-\$	(121,581) -	\$ (144,948)	\$	(225,318)	\$	(204,318)
College's covered payroll	\$	64,564,075	\$ 63,953,380	\$	66,321,825	•	*
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.19%	0.23%		0.34%		*

^{*}Information is presented for as many years as it is readily available. The College implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal year 2016 with measurement date of June 30, 2015.

2013	2012	2011		2010		2009	2008		
\$ 217,455	\$ 158,916	\$	113,891	\$	76,824	\$ 72,126	\$	85,540	
\$ (217,455)	\$ (158,916) -	\$	(113,891)	\$	(76,824)	\$ (72,126)	\$	(85,540)	
*	*		*		*	*		*	
*	*		*		*	*		*	

College of Lake County Community College District No. 532

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Changes of benefit terms. There were no benefit changes recognized in the total pension liability as of June 30, 2016.

Changes of assumptions. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, an actuarial review is to be performed at least every two years, with more frequent valuations encouraged, to determine the reasonableness of actuarial assumptions regarding the retirement, disability, mortality, turnover, interest and salary of the members and benefit recipients of SURS. An experience review for the years June 30, 2010 to June 30, 2014 was performed in February 2015, resulting in the adoption of the following new assumptions as of June 30, 2015:

- Mortality rates. Change from the RP 2000 Mortality table projected to 2017, sex distinct, to the RP-2014 mortality tables with projected generational mortality improvement. Change to a separate mortality assumption for disabled participants.
- Salary increase. Change assumption to service-based rates, ranging from 3.75 percent to 15.00 percent based on years of service, with underlying wage inflation of 3.75 percent.
- Normal retirement rates. Change to retirement rates at ages younger than 60, age 66, and ages 70-79 to reflect observed experiences.
- Early retirement rates. Change to a slight increase to the rates at ages 55 and 56.
- Turnover rates. Change to produce lower expected turnover for members with less than 10 years
 of service and higher turnover for members with more than 10 years of service than the currently
 assumed rates.
- Disability rates. Decrease rates and have separate rates for males and females to reflect observed experience.
- Dependent assumption. Maintain the current assumption on marital status that varies by age and sex and the assumption that males are three years older than their spouses.

Special Funding Situation. For the purposes of financial reporting, the State of Illinois and participating employers are considered to be under a special funding situation. A special funding situation is defined as a circumstance in which a non-employer entity is legally responsible for making contributions directly to a pension plan that is used to provide pensions to the employees of another entity or entities and either (1) the amount of the contributions for which the non-employer entity is legally responsible is not dependent upon one or more events unrelated to pensions or (2) the non-employer is the only entity with a legal obligation to make contributions directly to a pension plan. The State of Illinois is considered a non-employer contributing entity. Participating employers are considered employer contributing entities. The State is responsible for the collective net pension liability of the plan with the exception of federal, trust or grant contributions made by the College that are recognized as deferred outflows of resources.

College of Lake County Community College District No. 532

Statistical Section Summary

This section of the College's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the College's overall financial health.

Contents	Tables
Financial Trends These tables contain information to help the reader understand and assess how the College's financial position and operations have changed over time.	1 - 2
Revenue Capacity These tables contain information to help the reader understand and assess the College's most significant local revenue source, property taxes.	3 - 6
Debt Capacity These tables present information to help the reader understand and assess the College's debt burden and its ability to issue additional debt.	7 - 10
Demographic and Economic Information These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the College's financial activities take place.	11 - 13
Operating Information These tables provide information about the College's operations and resources to assist the reader with understanding the College's economic condition.	14 - 16

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual financial reports for the relevant year.

COLLEGE OF LAKE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT NO. 532

Net Position by Component (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 110,606,958	93,242,840 \$	96,082,639 \$	94,812,636 \$	90,264,397 \$	89,840,672 \$	88,244,604 \$	88,360,119 \$	89,508,677 \$	88,952,883
Restricted for:										
Debt service	1,699,027	1,663,859	1,639,557	1,477,210	1,357,332	1,163,008	3,821,509	3,683,898	3,638,451	3,476,226
Capital projects	198,883	1,469,753	12,548,437	7,493,234	1,631,704	1,914,268	754,227	1,063,084	1,090,977	1,091,225
Other	981,553	856,651	617,430	790,910	904,521	289,439	698,222	601,233	1,083,162	1,112,681
Unrestricted	92,318,940	98,938,193	79,048,204	72,184,158	73,118,295	62,925,272	53,903,877	39,814,025	31,513,221	28,719,617
Total net position	\$ 205,805,361	196,171,296 \$	189,936,267 \$	176,758,148 \$	167,276,249 \$	156,132,659 \$	147,422,439 \$	133,522,359 \$	126,834,488 \$	123,352,632

COLLEGE OF LAKE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT NO. 532

Changes in Net Position (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Student bullow and fees		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Auxiliary enterprises	Student tuition and fees										
Cher operations 1,531,002 1,051,758 1,067,468 1,472,404 1,482,587 1,173,803 1,476,186 1,328,725 1,221,201 1,728,044 Total operating revenues 36,925,362 35,213,348 35,187,962 35,491,688 36,196,562 35,303,075 35,948,004 35,043,072 33,452,962 31,424,626 Checation and general:	Net student tuition and fees	27,013,124	24,702,512	24,028,846	23,957,541	24,304,411	23,372,065	23,756,337	22,647,301	20,992,696	19,616,258
Operating expenses: Education and general: Instruction 68,680,469 62,300,046 57,017,899 57,228,921 56,918,482 51,721,715 48,268,132 46,853,367 40,662,025 37,675,261 Academic support 6,234,611 6,235,402 5,732,888 5,051,720 5,377,091 5,388,352 5,464,060 5,306,810 5,306,810 5,306,810 5,306,810 5,418,601 5,41											
Education and general: Instruction 68.660.469 62.300.046 57.017.699 57.226.921 56.918.482 51.721.715 48.268.132 46.853.367 40.662.025 37,675.261 Academic support 6.294.8111 6.235.402 5.732.888 5.051.720 5.377.091 5.368.352 5.464.060 5.506.810 5.418.601 4.942.062 Student services 12.132.575 10.10.615.904 10.615.904 9.977.245 9.108.675 8.18.60.53 7.861.672 7.416.388 6.344.709 Public service 6.803.924 8.774.300 10.657.967 12.527.397 13.578.437 8.868.615 7.575.336 6.426.550 7.127.721 5.807.824 Institutional support 26.828.929 28.89.814 27.282.833 26.796.577 25.889.866 24.459.148 21.841.211 21.549.333 22.160.018 21.00.621.018 Operations and maintenance of plant 10.918.085 10.755.620 10.981.649 10.949.289 10.175.688 9.501.273 8.807.716 9.557.706 9.214.707 8.785.206 Financial aid 5.500.3553 4.566.633 5.741.816 5.006.492 4.830.835 4.441.546 4.334.200 4.245.907 4.151.105 4.393.484 4.254.000 Auxiliary enterprises 7.7719.970 9.09.866 10.059.357 11.015.661 11.400.549 11.635.549 10.728.709 10.924.069 10.003.106 10.236.270 Total operating expenses 151.865.921 146.271.382 1413.186.595 145.846.246 144.084.144 131.442.486 121.745.507 120.180.424 10.008.741.41 10.09.986.286 Operating loss (114.940.559) (111.058.034) (107.998.633) (110.354.558) (107.887.582) (96.139.411) (85.797.503) (85.137.352) (75.421.179) (69.571.660) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Local property taxes 66.976.264 66.153.206 64.961.915 63.591.948 62.139.690 60.194.499 58.363.768 57.133.098 55.125.615 52.163.382 Personal property replacement tax 1.280.857 1.159.689 1.266.744 1.177.861 1.164.330 1.139.553 1.238.741 955.215 1.180.747 13.978.701 Interest expense 1.24.574.624 11.72.93.053 12.176.752 119.836.457 116.432.55 19.800.02 4.451.121 20.22.22.26.15 1.180.747 13.978.701 Interest expense 61.24.574.624 117.293.053 12.176.752 119.836.457 118.432.325 104.849.631 99.697.533 91.825.223 78.903.035 72.901.678 Net nonoperating revenues 124.574.624 117.293.053 121.176.752 119.836.457 118.432.325 104.849.631 99.697.533 91.825.223 78.903.035 72.901.678 Net nonoper	Total operating revenues	36,925,362	35,213,348	35,187,962	35,491,688	36,196,562	35,303,075	35,948,004	35,043,072	33,452,962	31,424,626
Academic support 6,294,811 6,235,402 5,732,988 5,051,720 5,386,352 5,464,060 5,506,810 5,418,601 4,942,062	Education and general:	68 660 469	62 300 046	57 017 699	57 226 921	56 918 482	51 721 715	48 268 132	46 853 367	40 662 025	37 675 261
Public service 6,803.924 8,774,300 10,657.867 12,527.397 13,578.437 8,686.815 7,575.936 6,426,550 7,127.721 5,807.824 Institutional support 26,829.298 23,808,14 27,282,833 26,795,77 25,880.85 24,459,148 21,841,21 21,549,333 22,160,018 21,005,231 Operations and maintenance of plant 10,918,085 10,755,620 10,981,649 10,849,289 10,175,688 9,501,273 8,897,716 9,557,706 9,214,707 8,785,206 Financial aid 5,003,653 4,656,633 5,741,816 72,460,038 6,325,221 6,626,759 6,587,783 7,349,762 2,478,091 1,945,642 Depreciation 7,503,136 5,338,718 5,096,492 4,830,835 4,441,546 4,334,200 4,245,907 4,151,105 4,393,484 4,254,000 Auxiliary enterprises 7,719,970 9,009,866 10,059,357 11,015,661 11,400,549 11,635,549 10,728,709 10,924,069 10,003,106 10,226,270 Total operating expenses 151,865,921 146,271,382 143,186,595 145,846,246 144,044,144 131,442,486 121,745,507 120,180,424 108,874,141 100,996,286 Operating revenues (expenses): Local property taxes 66,976,264 66,153,206 64,961,915 63,591,948 62,139,690 60,194,469 58,63,768 57,133,098 55,125,615 52,163,382 Personal property replacement tax 1,280,857 1,159,689 12,66,744 1,177,861 1,164,330 1,139,553 1,238,741 955,515 1,180,747 1,349,780 State appropriations 44,951,735 34,646,252 37,894,602 34,341,721 34,600,754 27,664,030 24,581,121 20,282,045 15,665,068 13,807,432 Federal grains and contracts 11,361,992 13,667,176 15,659,802 485,488 916,302 865,085 911,303 951,778 1,067,360 1,138,575 1,134,897 Local grants and contracts 1,167,546 12,558,20 845,488 916,302 865,085 911,303 951,778 1,067,360 1,138,575 1,134,897 Local grants and contracts 1,167,546 12,558,20 845,488 916,302 865,085 911,303 951,778 1,067,360 1,138,575 1,134,897 Local grants and contracts 1,167,546 12,558,20 845,488 916,302 865,085 911,303 951,778 1,067,360 1,138,575 1,134,897 Local grants and contracts 1,167,546 12,558,20 845,488 916,302 865,085 911,303 951,778 1,067,360 1,138,575 1,134,897 Local grants and contracts 1,167,546 12,558,20 845,488 916,302 865,085 911,303 951,778 1,067,360 1,138,575 1,134,698 Local grants a		,,		- /- /							- // -
Institutional support Operations and maintenance of plant Operations	Student services										
Operations and maintenance of plant 10,918,085 10,756,620 10,991,649 10,849,289 10,175,688 9,501,273 8,897,716 9,557,706 9,214,707 8,785,206 Plane of the process of the pr											
Financial aid 5,003,653 4,856,633 5,741,816 7,246,038 6,325,221 6,626,759 6,587,783 7,349,762 2,478,091 1,945,642 Depreciation 7,503,136 5,338,718 5,096,492 4,839,835 4,441,546 4,334,200 4,245,907 4,151,105 4,339,484 4,254,000 Auxiliary enterprises 7,719,970 9,009,868 10,059,357 11,015,661 11,400,549 11,635,549 10,728,709 10,924,669 10,003,106 10,236,270 Total operating expenses 151,865,921 146,271,382 143,186,595 145,846,246 144,084,144 131,442,486 121,745,507 120,180,424 108,874,141 100,996,286 Operating loss (114,940,559) (111,058,034) (107,998,633) (110,354,558) (107,897,582) (96,139,411) (85,797,503) (85,137,352) (75,421,179) (89,571,660) Operating revenues (expenses): Local property taxes 66,976,264 66,153,206 64,961,915 63,591,948 62,139,690 60,194,469 58,363,768 57,133,098 55,125,615 52,163,382 Operating property replacement tax 1,280,857 1,159,689 1,266,744 1,177,861 1,164,330 1,139,553 1,238,741 955,215 1,180,747 1,349,780 State appropriations 44,951,735 34,646,252 37,844,602 34,341,721 34,600,754 27,664,030 24,881,121 20,282,045 15,655,068 13,807,432 Edecal grants and contracts 11,361,992 13,867,176 16,509,843 19,782,912 20,173,020 15,365,348 14,874,344 12,736,502 5,716,530 4,046,087 Local grants and contracts 11,167,546 1,255,820 845,458 916,302 865,085 911,393 951,778 1,067,360 1,138,575 1,134,897 Investment income 534,166 407,775 326,129 238,692 126,529 91,810 10,99,59 155,791 679,593 1,246,168 Loss on disposition of assets (12,74,501) (196,847) (627,939) (212,979) (637,033) (536,972) (422,128) (504,788) (593,033) (78,903,035 72,901,678 Increase before capital contributions 9,634,065 6,235,029 13,178,119 9,481,895 118,432,325 104,849,631 99,697,583 91,825,223 78,903,035 72,901,678 116,258 24,244,244,244,244,244,244,244,244,244,											
Depreciation 7,503,136 5,338,718 5,096,492 4,830,835 4,441,546 4,334,200 4,245,907 4,151,105 4,333,484 4,254,000 Auxiliary enterprises 7,719,970 9,009,866 10,059,357 11,015,661 11,400,549 11,635,549 10,728,709 10,924,069 10,003,106 10,236,270 Total operating expenses 151,865,921 146,271,382 143,186,595 145,846,246 144,084,144 131,442,486 121,745,507 120,180,424 108,874,141 100,996,286 Operating loss (114,940,559) (111,058,034) (107,998,633) (110,354,558) (107,887,582) (96,139,411) (85,797,503) (85,137,352) (75,421,179) (69,571,660) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Local property taxes 66,976,284 66,153,206 64,961,915 63,591,948 62,139,690 60,194,469 58,363,768 57,133,098 55,125,615 52,163,382 Personal property replacement tax 1,280,857 1,153,689 1,266,744 1,177,861 1,164,330 1,133,553 1,238,741 955,215 1,180,747 1,349,780 Slate appropriations 44,951,735 34,646,252 37,894,602 34,341,721 34,600,754 27,664,030 24,581,121 20,262,045 15,655,068 13,807,432 Federal grants and contracts 11,667,992 13,867,176 16,509,843 19,782,912 20,173,020 15,385,348 14,874,344 12,736,502 5,716,530 4,046,087 Investment income 534,166 407,757 326,129 238,692 126,529 91,810 109,959 155,791 679,593 1,246,168 Loss on disposition of assets (423,435) — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —											
Auxiliary enterprises 7,719,970 9,009,866 10,059,357 11,015,661 11,400,549 11,635,549 10,728,709 10,924,069 10,003,106 10,236,270 Total operating expenses 151,865,921 146,271,382 143,186,595 145,846,246 144,084,144 131,42,486 121,745,507 120,180,424 108,874,141 100,996,286 Operating loss (114,940,559) (111,058,034) (107,998,633) (110,354,558) (107,887,582) (96,139,411) (85,797,503) (85,137,352) (75,421,179) (69,571,660) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Local property taxes 66,976,264 66,153,206 64,961,915 63,591,948 62,139,690 60,194,469 58,363,768 57,133,098 55,125,615 52,163,382 Personal property replacement tax 1,280,857 1,159,689 1,266,744 1,177,861 1,164,330 1,139,553 1,238,741 955,215 1,180,747 1,349,780 State appropriations 44,951,735 34,646,252 37,894,602 34,341,721 34,600,754 27,664,030 24,581,121 20,282,045 15,665,068 13,807,432 Federal grants and contracts 11,361,992 13,867,176 16,509,843 19,782,912 20,173,020 15,385,348 14,874,344 12,736,502 5,716,530 40,46,087 Local grants and contracts 11,67,546 1,255,820 845,458 916,302 865,085 911,393 951,778 1,067,360 1,138,575 1,134,897 Investment income 534,166 407,757 326,129 238,692 126,529 91,810 109,959 155,791 679,593 1,246,168 Loss on disposition of assets (423,435) — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —											
Total operating expenses 151,865,921 146,271,382 143,186,595 145,846,246 144,084,144 131,42,486 121,745,507 120,180,424 108,874,141 100,996,286 Operating loss (114,940,559) (111,058,034) (107,998,633) (110,354,558) (107,887,582) (96,139,411) (85,797,503) (85,137,352) (75,421,179) (69,571,660) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Local property taxes 66,976,264 66,153,206 64,961,915 63,591,948 62,139,690 60,194,469 58,363,768 57,133,098 55,125,615 52,163,382 Personal property replacement tax 1,280,857 1,159,689 1,266,744 1,177,861 1,164,330 1,139,553 1,238,741 955,215 1,180,747 1,349,780 State appropriations 44,951,735 34,646,252 37,894,602 34,341,721 34,600,754 27,664,030 24,581,121 20,282,045 15,655,068 13,807,432 Federal grants and contracts 11,361,992 13,867,176 16,509,843 19,762,912 20,173,020 15,385,348 14,874,344 12,736,502 5,716,530 4,046,087 Local grants and contracts 11,167,546 1,255,820 845,488 916,302 885,085 911,393 9951,778 1,067,360 1,138,973 Investment income 534,166 407,757 326,129 238,692 126,529 91,810 109,959 155,791 679,593 1,246,168 Loss on disposition of assets (1,274,501) (196,847) (627,939) (212,979) (637,083) (536,972) (422,128) (504,788) (593,093) (846,068) Increase before capital contributions 9,634,065 6,235,029 13,178,119 9,481,899 10,544,743 8,710,220 13,900,880 6,687,871 3,481,856 3,330,018 State capital appropriations											
Operating loss (114,940,559) (111,058,034) (107,998,633) (110,354,558) (107,887,582) (96,139,411) (85,797,503) (85,137,352) (75,421,179) (69,571,660) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Local property taxes 66,976,264 66,153,206 64,961,915 63,591,948 62,139,690 60,194,469 58,363,768 57,133,098 55,125,615 52,163,382 Personal property replacement tax 1,280,857 1,159,689 1,266,744 1,177,861 1,164,330 1,139,553 1,238,741 955,215 1,180,747 1,349,780 State appropriations 44,951,735 34,646,223 37,894,602 34,341,721 34,600,754 27,664,030 24,581,121 20,282,046 15,655,068 13,807,432 Federal grants and contracts 11,361,992 13,867,176 16,509,843 19,782,912 20,173,020 15,385,348 14,874,344 12,736,502 5,716,530 4,046,087 Local grants and contracts 1,167,546 1,255,820 845,458 916,302 865,085 911,393 951,778 1,067,360 1,138,675 </td <td>Auxiliary enterprises</td> <td>7,719,970</td> <td>9,009,866</td> <td>10,059,357</td> <td>11,015,661</td> <td>11,400,549</td> <td>11,635,549</td> <td>10,728,709</td> <td>10,924,069</td> <td>10,003,106</td> <td>10,236,270</td>	Auxiliary enterprises	7,719,970	9,009,866	10,059,357	11,015,661	11,400,549	11,635,549	10,728,709	10,924,069	10,003,106	10,236,270
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Local property taxes 66,976,264 66,153,206 64,961,915 63,591,948 62,139,690 60,194,469 58,363,768 57,133,098 55,125,615 52,163,382 Personal property replacement tax 1,280,857 1,159,689 1,266,744 1,177,861 1,164,330 1,139,553 1,238,741 955,215 1,180,747 1,349,780 State appropriations 44,951,735 34,646,525 37,894,602 34,341,721 34,600,754 27,664,030 24,581,121 20,282,045 15,655,068 13,807,432 Federal grants and contracts 11,361,992 13,867,176 16,509,843 19,782,912 20,173,020 15,385,348 14,874,344 12,736,502 5,716,530 4,046,087 Local grants and contracts 1,167,546 1,255,820 845,458 916,302 865,085 911,393 951,778 1,067,360 1,138,575 1,134,897 Investment income 544,166 407,757 326,129 238,692 126,529 91,810 10,995 155,791 155,791 679,593 1,246,168 Loss on disposition of assets (423,435) ————————————————————————————————————	Total operating expenses	151,865,921	146,271,382	143,186,595	145,846,246	144,084,144	131,442,486	121,745,507	120,180,424	108,874,141	100,996,286
Local property taxes 66,976,264 66,153,206 64,961,915 63,591,948 62,139,690 60,194,469 58,363,768 57,133,098 55,125,615 52,163,382 Personal property replacement tax 1,280,857 1,159,689 1,266,744 1,177,861 1,164,330 1,139,553 1,238,741 955,215 1,180,747 1,349,780 State appropriations 44,951,735 34,646,252 37,894,602 34,341,721 34,600,754 27,664,030 24,581,121 20,282,045 15,665,060 40,406,087 Local grants and contracts 11,361,992 13,867,176 16,509,843 19,782,912 20,173,020 15,385,348 14,874,344 12,736,502 5,716,530 4,046,087 Local grants and contracts 11,167,546 1,255,820 845,458 916,302 865,085 911,393 951,778 1,067,360 1,138,575 1,134,897 Investment income 534,166 407,757 326,129 238,692 126,529 91,810 109,959 155,791 679,593 1,246,168 Loss on disposition of assets (423,435) ————————————————————————————————————	Operating loss	(114,940,559)	(111,058,034)	(107,998,633)	(110,354,558)	(107,887,582)	(96,139,411)	(85,797,503)	(85,137,352)	(75,421,179)	(69,571,660)
Personal property replacement tax 1,280,857 1,159,689 1,266,744 1,177,861 1,164,330 1,139,553 1,238,741 955,215 1,180,747 1,349,780 State appropriations 44,951,735 34,646,252 37,894,602 34,341,721 34,600,754 27,664,030 24,581,121 20,282,045 15,655,068 13,807,432 Ederal grants and contracts 11,361,992 13,867,176 16,509,843 19,782,912 20,173,020 15,385,348 14,874,344 12,736,502 5,7165,068 13,807,432 Local grants and contracts 1,167,546 1,255,820 845,458 916,302 865,085 911,393 951,778 1,067,360 1,138,575 1,134,897 Investment income 534,166 407,757 326,129 238,692 126,529 91,810 109,959 155,791 679,593 1,246,168 Loss on disposition of assets (423,435) — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Nonoperating revenues (expenses):										
State appropriations 44,951,735 34,646,252 37,894,602 34,341,721 34,600,754 27,664,030 24,581,121 20,282,045 15,655,068 13,807,432 Federal grants and contracts 11,361,992 13,867,176 16,509,843 19,782,912 20,173,020 15,385,348 14,874,344 12,736,502 5,716,530 4,046,087 Local grants and contracts 1,167,546 1,255,820 845,458 916,302 865,085 911,393 951,778 1,067,360 1,138,575 1,134,897 Investment income 534,166 407,757 326,129 238,692 126,529 91,810 109,959 155,791 679,593 1,246,168 Loss on disposition of assets (423,435) —	Local property taxes	66,976,264	66,153,206	64,961,915	63,591,948	62,139,690	60,194,469	58,363,768	57,133,098	55,125,615	52,163,382
Federal grants and contracts Local grants and co	Personal property replacement tax	1,280,857	1,159,689	1,266,744	1,177,861	1,164,330	1,139,553	1,238,741	955,215	1,180,747	1,349,780
Local grants and contracts 1,167,546 1,255,820 845,458 916,302 865,085 911,393 951,778 1,067,360 1,138,575 1,134,897 Investment income 534,166 407,757 326,129 238,692 126,529 91,810 109,959 155,791 679,593 1,246,168 Loss on disposition of assets (423,435) —	State appropriations	44,951,735	34,646,252	37,894,602	34,341,721	34,600,754	27,664,030	24,581,121	20,282,045	15,655,068	13,807,432
Investment income 534,166 407,757 326,129 238,692 126,529 91,810 109,959 155,791 679,593 1,246,168	Federal grants and contracts	11,361,992	13,867,176	16,509,843	19,782,912	20,173,020	15,385,348	14,874,344	12,736,502	5,716,530	4,046,087
Loss on disposition of assets (423,435) (1,274,501) — <th< td=""><td>Local grants and contracts</td><td>1,167,546</td><td></td><td>845,458</td><td>916,302</td><td>865,085</td><td>911,393</td><td>951,778</td><td>1,067,360</td><td>1,138,575</td><td>1,134,897</td></th<>	Local grants and contracts	1,167,546		845,458	916,302	865,085	911,393	951,778	1,067,360	1,138,575	1,134,897
Interest expense (1,274,501) (196,847) (627,939) (212,979) (637,083) (536,972) (422,128) (504,788) (593,093) (846,068) Net nonoperating revenues 124,574,624 117,293,053 121,176,752 119,836,457 118,432,325 104,849,631 99,697,583 91,825,223 78,903,035 72,901,678 Increase before capital contributions 9,634,065 6,235,029 13,178,119 9,481,899 10,544,743 8,710,220 13,900,080 6,687,871 3,481,856 3,330,018 State capital appropriations - - - - - - - - - - 212,586	Investment income	534,166	407,757	326,129	238,692	126,529	91,810	109,959	155,791	679,593	1,246,168
Net nonoperating revenues 124,574,624 117,293,053 121,176,752 119,836,457 118,432,325 104,849,631 99,697,583 91,825,223 78,903,035 72,901,678 Increase before capital contributions 9,634,065 6,235,029 13,178,119 9,481,899 10,544,743 8,710,220 13,900,080 6,687,871 3,481,856 3,330,018 State capital appropriations - - - - 685,416 - - - - 212,586	Loss on disposition of assets	(423,435)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Increase before capital contributions 9,634,065 6,235,029 13,178,119 9,481,899 10,544,743 8,710,220 13,900,080 6,687,871 3,481,856 3,330,018 State capital appropriations 685,416 212,586	Interest expense	(1,274,501)	(196,847)	(627,939)	(212,979)	(637,083)	(536,972)	(422,128)	(504,788)	(593,093)	(846,068)
contributions 9,634,065 6,235,029 13,178,119 9,481,899 10,544,743 8,710,220 13,900,080 6,687,871 3,481,856 3,330,018 State capital appropriations - - - - - - - - - - 212,586	Net nonoperating revenues	124,574,624	117,293,053	121,176,752	119,836,457	118,432,325	104,849,631	99,697,583	91,825,223	78,903,035	72,901,678
State capital appropriations 685,416 212,586	Increase before capital										
	contributions	9,634,065	6,235,029	13,178,119	9,481,899	10,544,743	8,710,220	13,900,080	6,687,871	3,481,856	3,330,018
Increase in net position \$ 9,634,065 \$ 6,235,029 \$ 13,178,119 \$ 9,481,899 \$ 11,230,159 \$ 8,710,220 \$ 13,900,080 \$ 6,687,871 \$ 3,481,856 \$ 3,542,604	State capital appropriations					685,416					212,586
	Increase in net position	\$ 9,634,065	\$ 6,235,029	\$ 13,178,119	\$ 9,481,899	\$ 11,230,159	\$ 8,710,220	\$ 13,900,080	\$ 6,687,871	\$ 3,481,856	\$ 3,542,604

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Levy Year	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	 Farm & Other Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage Actual Valu	a of
2017	2016	\$ 18,858,676,470	\$ 3,660,173,211	\$ 962,532,649	\$ 165,258,554	\$ 23,646,640,884	0.285	\$ 70,939,922,652	33.33	%
2016	2015	17,691,329,830	3,474,770,039	920,970,005	154,174,058	22,241,243,932	0.299	66,723,731,796	33.33	
2015	2014	16,965,816,311	3,447,636,200	918,230,490	149,873,143	21,481,556,144	0.306	64,444,668,432	33.33	
2014	2013	17,214,391,095	3,481,459,284	938,486,166	146,943,115	21,781,279,660	0.296	65,343,838,980	33.33	
2013	2012	18,472,931,866	3,625,601,381	974,610,494	145,725,403	23,218,869,144	0.272	69,656,607,432	33.33	
2012	2011	20,373,987,923	3,818,085,918	1,020,867,520	156,248,304	25,369,189,665	0.240	76,107,568,995	33.33	
2011	2010	22,224,909,605	3,844,218,020	1,027,794,240	158,160,815	27,255,082,680	0.218	81,765,248,040	33.33	
2010	2009	23,479,024,924	3,977,027,085	1,051,356,708	155,323,495	28,662,732,212	0.201	85,988,196,636	33.33	
2009	2008	23,786,834,186	3,980,347,903	1,047,235,622	153,386,437	28,967,804,148	0.197	86,903,412,444	33.33	
2008	2007	22,992,716,946	3,799,304,015	988,337,508	143,089,901	27,923,448,370	0.193	83,770,345,110	33.33	

Note: Lake County assesses property at approximately 33 1/3% of actual value. Estimated actual value is calculated by dividing assessed value by those percentages. Tax rates are per \$100 of assessed value.

Note: Property taxes are levied each calendar year on all taxable real property in the College's district. Taxes levied in one year become due and payable in two installments on June 1 and September 1 during the following levy year. Taxes must be levied by the fourth Tuesday

in December for the following year. The levy becomes an enforceable lien against the property as of January 1 immediately

following the levy year.

Source: Lake County Clerk's Office.

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (Unaudited)

Last Ten Years

(rate per \$100 of assessed value)

					Year Taxes	are Payable				
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
College direct rates Bonds Educational Medicare Operation & maintenance Tort judgement & liability insurance Total direct rate	\$ 0.007 0.218 - 0.058 0.002 \$ 0.285	\$ 0.007 0.229 - 0.061 0.002 \$ 0.299	\$ 0.008 0.234 - 0.062 0.002 \$ 0.306	\$ 0.008 0.226 - 0.060 0.002 \$ 0.296	\$ 0.008 0.207 - 0.055 0.002 \$ 0.272	\$ 0.007 0.180 - 0.051 0.002 \$ 0.240	\$ 0.006 0.148 - 0.062 0.002 \$ 0.218	\$ 0.006 0.132 - 0.061 0.002 \$ 0.201	\$ 0.007 0.129 0.001 0.057 0.003 \$ 0.197	\$ 0.007 0.128 0.001 0.054 0.003 \$ 0.193
Lake County rate	0.632	0.663	0.682	0.663	0.608	0.554	0.505	0.464	0.453	0.444
Lake County Forest Preserves rate	0.193	0.208	0.210	0.218	0.212	0.201	0.198	0.200	0.199	0.201
Elementary School rates	1.367 - 9.150	1.429 - 9.829	1.453 - 9.799	1.424 - 8.762	1.322-7.302	1.186-5.818	1.095-4.879	0.998 - 4.423	0.965 - 4.403	0.944 - 4.330
Unit School rates	4.437 - 9.598	4.468 - 10.430	4.697 - 10.380	4.607 - 9.418	4.292-10.136	3.661-8.175	3.438-6.921	3.272 - 5.986	3.064 - 5.691	3.023 - 5.639
High School rates	1.329 - 5.060	11.409 - 5.396	1.448 - 5.539	1.420 - 5.228	1.322-4.556	1.191-3.824	1.101-3.497	1.069 - 3.195	1.001 - 3.066	0.959 - 3.746
Township rates	0.034 - 0.465	0.037 - 0.508	0.039 - 0.533	0.027 - 0.490	0.025-0.434	0.033-0.397	0.033-0.372	0.031 - 0.364	0.029 - 0.372	0.028 - 0.368
Sanitary District rates	0.000 - 0.856	0.000 - 0.250	0.000 - 0.250	0.000 - 0.250	0.000-0.250	0.000-0.241	0.000-0.216	0.000- 0.194	0.000- 0.192	0.000- 0.186
Park District rates	0.029 - 1.186	0.031 - 1.322	0.000 - 1.298	0.000 - 1.260	0.000-1.101	0.000-0.897	0.000-0.767	0.000 - 0.703	0.000 - 0.707	0.019 - 0.707
Library District rates	0.220 - 0.680	0.225 - 0.709	0.231 - 0.719	0.228 - 0.656	0.213-0.581	0.185-0.475	0.170-0.450	0.161 - 0.452	0.150 - 0.477	0.152 - 0.433
Fire District rates	0.116 - 1.207	0.123 - 1.296	0.128 - 1.294	0.126 - 1.093	0.071-0.988	0.129-0.875	0.111-0.754	0.105 - 0.707	0.124 - 0.677	0.121 - 0.652
City & Village rates	0.016 - 6.170	0.170 - 6.515	0.000 - 5.535	0.000 - 4.963	0.000-3.854	0.000-3.511	0.000-2.954	0.000 - 2.616	0.000 - 2.491	0.000 - 2.446
Special Service Area rates	0.102 - 7.384	0.104 - 8.276	0.032 - 8.080	0.015 - 8.235	0.033-7.933	0.013-7.314	0.013-15.414	0.029 - 8.651	0.029 - 10.130	0.029 - 15.221

Overlapping rates are presented for years where information is readily available.

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the College's District. Not all overlapping rates apply to all property owners.

Annual property tax extensions may only be increased by a percentage based on the consumer price index and new construction within the District. Increases above that amount require passage of a referendum by a majority vote of District residents.

Source: Lake County Clerk

Principal Property Tax Payers (Unaudited)
Current Levy Year and Nine Years Ago

Levy Year 2016 Levy Year 2007 Percentage of Percentage of **Total District Total District** Taxable **Taxable Taxable Taxable** Assessed Assessed **Assessed Assessed** Value (a) (b) Value (a) (b) Value (a) Value (a) **Taxpayer** Rank Rank 151,332,856 0.64 % 168,103,114 0.60 % **Abbott Laboratories** 1 1 Gurnee Mills (The Mills Corp) 52,619,764 2 0.22 58,275,968 2 0.21 Discover Properties LLC 43,481,282 3 3 0.18 48,153,911 0.17 Walmart Stores Inc 33,930,684 0.14 -4 Marvin F Poer & Co. 31,307,021 5 39,785,401 6 0.14 28,265,553 6 0.12 8 Baxter Healthcare Corp 32,299,271 0.12 27,302,061 Scott Dessing, Sr Mgr Taxation 7 0.12 Walgreen Co 26,752,309 8 0.11 Van Vlissingen & Co. 26,094,002 9 0.11 44,791,012 5 0.16 Kemper lakes Business Center 25,355,354 10 0.11 Amli Residential 46,294,533 0.17 Equity Property Tax Group LLC 37,921,565 7 0.14 Corporate 500 Center 31,473,325 9 0.11 Midwest Family Housing LLC 10 30,225,583 0.11 446,440,886 1.76 % 537,323,683 1.93 %

Source: Lake County Clerk's Office

⁽a) Includes only the parcels with equalized assessed valuations of over \$5,000,000.

⁽b) The amounts and corresponding percentages are the result of a consolidation of information available through the Lake County Clerk's Office and may omit some tax parcels as a result of multiple parcel listings for various taxpayers.

Property Tax Levies and Collections (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected within the calendar

Fiscal		Taxes Levied	year of the levy				Collections			Total Collections to Date		
Year Ended	Levy	for the	A		Percentage		in Subseque Years ^(a)		Amount		Percentage	е
June 30	Year	Fiscal Year		Amount	of Levy	_		rears		Amount	of Levy	
2017	2016	\$ 67,483,966	\$	34,447,030	51.04	%	\$	-	\$	34,447,030	51.04	%
2016	2015	66,587,615		33,717,350	50.64		32	2,702,485		66,419,835	99.75	
2015	2014	65,748,169		33,275,974	50.61		32	2,252,571		65,528,545	99.67	
2014	2013	64,472,588		32,508,420	50.42		3	1,729,184		64,237,603	99.64	
2013	2012	63,155,324		31,623,830	50.07		3	1,216,239		62,840,069	99.50	
2012	2011	60,886,055		30,513,839	50.12		30	0,287,991		60,801,830	99.86	
2011	2010	59,416,080		29,491,153	49.63		29	9,788,508		59,279,661	99.77	
2010	2009	57,325,464		28,293,964	49.36		28	3,905,921		57,199,885	99.78	
2009	2008	56,776,896		27,829,509	49.02		28	3,798,370		56,627,879	99.74	
2008	2007	53,613,021		26,387,374	49.22		2	7,079,945		53,467,319	99.73	

Note: Property taxes are levied each calendar year on all taxable real property in the College's district. Taxes levied in one year become due and payable in two installments on June 1 and September 1 during the following levy year. Taxes must be levied by the fourth Tuesday in December for the following year. The levy becomes an enforceable lien against the property as of January 1 immediately following the levy year.

Source: Lake County Treasurer's Office

^(a) Prior year taxes collected are immaterial and not reported to the College by year.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Limited Tax Funding Bonds	General Obligation Limited Tax Debt Certificates	Capital Appreciation Limited Tax Bonds	General Obligation Bonds - Alternate Revenue Source	Unamortized Premium	Discount on Capital Appreciation Bonds	Total Outstanding Debt	Percentage of Taxable Assessed Value of Property ^(a)	Per FTE Student Count ^(b)
2017	\$ 63,765,000	\$ 305,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,341,415	\$ -	\$ 65,411,415	0.302%	7,856
2016	68,660,000	605,000	-	-	1,725,715	-	70,990,715	0.319%	8,487
2015	73,420,000	900,000	-	-	2,148,846	-	76,468,846	0.356%	9,080
2014	77,990,000	1,185,000	-	-	2,544,400	-	81,719,400	0.375%	8,636
2013	20,535,000	1,470,000	-	-	593,202	-	22,598,202	0.097%	2,366
2012	21,500,000	1,735,000	-	-	656,875	-	23,891,875	0.094%	2,515
2011	6,920,000	2,515,000	-	-	89,657	-	9,524,657	0.035%	955
2010	7,000,000	3,235,000	1,000,000	-	111,596	(19,734)	11,326,862	0.040%	1,142
2009	7,210,000	3,925,000	2,010,000	320,000	133,535	(85,127)	13,513,408	0.047%	1,516
2008	7,405,000	4,560,000	3,025,000	615,000	155,474	(193,504)	15,566,970	0.056%	1,815

Note: Details regarding the College's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽a) See Table 3 for Taxable Assessed Value of Property.

⁽b) See Table 11 for FTE Student Count.

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal year	Total Outstanding Debt	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund	 Net General Bonded Debt	Population_	Percentage of Taxable Assessed Value of Property ^(a)	Net Bonded Debt Per Capita
2017	\$ 65,411,415	\$ 1,699,029	\$ 63,712,386	703,047	0.269%	\$ 90.62
2016	70,990,715	1,663,861	69,326,854	703,910	0.312%	98.49
2015	76,468,846	1,639,556	74,829,290	705,186	0.348%	106.11
2014	81,719,400	1,477,210	80,242,190	703,019	0.368%	114.14
2013	22,598,202	1,357,333	21,240,869	702,120	0.091%	30.25
2012	23,891,875	1,163,008	22,728,867	706,222	0.090%	32.18
2011	9,524,657	3,821,509	5,703,148	703,462	0.021%	8.11
2010	11,326,862	3,683,898	7,642,964	712,567	0.027%	10.73
2009	13,513,408	3,638,451	9,874,957	707,622	0.034%	13.96
2008	15,566,970	3,476,226	12,090,744	702,479	0.043%	17.21

Source: College records – Department of Institutional Research Lake County Clerk's Office

⁽a) See Table 3 for Taxable Assessed Value of Property.

Legal Debt Margin Information (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Levy Year	Assessed Valuation	Bond Debt Limit*	Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit	Legal Debt Margin	Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit
2017	2016	\$ 23,646,640,884	\$ 679,840,925	\$ 65,411,415	\$ 614,429,510	9.62%
2016	2015	22,241,243,932	639,435,763	70,990,715	568,445,048	11.10%
2015	2014	21,481,556,144	617,594,739	76,468,846	541,125,893	12.38%
2014	2013	21,781,279,660	626,211,790	81,719,400	544,492,390	13.05%
2013	2012	23,218,869,144	667,542,488	22,598,202	644,944,286	3.39%
2012	2011	25,369,189,665	729,364,203	23,891,875	705,472,328	3.28%
2011	2010	27,255,082,680	783,583,627	9,524,657	774,058,970	1.22%
2010	2009	28,662,732,212	824,053,551	11,326,862	812,726,689	1.37%
2009	2008	28,967,804,148	832,824,369	13,513,408	819,310,961	1.62%
2008	2007	27,923,448,370	802,799,141	15,566,970	787,232,171	1.94%

^{*2.875%} of assessed value (from the Illinois Compiled Statutes 50 ILCS 405/1).

Pledged Revenue Coverage (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Alternate Revenue Bonds^(a)

Fiscal	Available	Dek	Debt Service						
Year	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage					
2018	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-					
2017	-	-	-	-					
2016	-	-	-	-					
2015	-	-	-	-					
2014	-	-	-	-					
2013	-	-	-	-					
2012	-	-	-	-					
2011	-	-	-	-					
2010	409,200	320,000	7,360	1.25					
2009	395,400	295,000	21,358	1.25					

^(a) Pledged Revenues consist of lease payments received by the College from the lease of the Series 1998A Project (rented to an agency of the State of Illinois). Although these rents are sufficient to pay the debt service, net bookstore revenues are pledged to the extent needed to provide the 1.25 coverage rate (Fiscal years 2001-2008). Bond repaid in full at June 30, 2010.

Student Enrollment Demographic Statistics (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Enrollment		<u>Gender</u>		Attendance			Enrollment Stat	us		
Fall Term	Headcount	FTE	Male	Female	Full-time	Part-time	New	Continuing	Returning	In-District Residency	Average Age
2016	14,768	8,208	6,683	8,085	4,324	10,444	3,677	7,670	3,421	99%	27.5
2015	14,964	8,365	6,837	8,127	4,292	10,672	3,572	7,937	3,455	94%	27.5
2014	15,410	8,422	6,972	8,438	4,303	11,107	3,539	8,121	3,012	94%	27.8
2013	17,685	9,463	7,934	9,751	4,764	12,921	4,862	8,966	3,667	94%	28.7
2012	17,577	9,551	7,870	9,707	4,945	12,632	4,341	9,199	3,854	95%	28.7
2011	17,389	9,498	7,707	9,682	5,212	12,177	4,376	9,125	2,883	95%	28.9
2010	18,091	9,975	7,895	10,088	5,678	12,413	4,966	10,028	3,097	94%	28.7
2009	18,092	9,920	7,898	10,084	6,461	11,631	5,437	9,438	3,217	93%	28.9
2008	16,359	8,912	6,994	9,303	5,192	11,167	5,082	8,446	2,831	94%	28.6
2007	16,010	8,578	6,722	9,226	4,892	11,118	4,830	8,360	2,820	94%	28.7

Reimbursable Claimed Hours (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Baccalaureate	Business	Technical	Health	Remedial	Adult Basic Secondary Education	Total
2017	154,732	8,842	20,946	14,048	22,189	23,578	244,335
2016	155,020	9,321	21,730	14,870	23,108	23,410	247,458
2015	158,496	10,116	23,135	14,704	25,700	21,454	253,603
2014	165,651	12,265	25,892	15,790	26,523	22,480	268,600
2013	172,530	14,357	26,764	17,988	26,434	34,650	292,723
2012	174,623	16,055	27,180	19,353	26,284	32,579	296,074
2011	175,907	16,931	27,620	19,749	26,098	34,632	300,936
2010	172,894	16,706	26,774	20,182	24,940	40,631	302,127
2009	154,132	14,176	22,027	16,570	21,098	39,156	267,159
2008	145,866	13,124	21,509	14,516	19,814	36,633	251,462

Amounts are based on midterm enrollment.

Principal Employers (Unaudited)

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2017			2008	
Employer	Employees ^(a)	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employees ^(a)	Employees ^(a)	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employees ^(a)
Abbott Laboratories	9,000	1	2.37%	15,700	2	2.21%
Baxter Healthcare Corp	1,900	2	0.50%	4,600	4	0.65%
Aon Corp	4,000	3	1.05%	-		
Abbvie Inc	4,000	4	1.05%	-		
Discover Financial Svc	2,976	4	0.78%	3,500	6	0.49%
Walgreens Boots Alliance Inc	2,100	5	0.55%	-		
Visual Pak	2,000	6	0.53%	-		
Advocate Health Care	2,333	7	0.61%	-		
CDW Corporation	1,800	8	0.47%	2,500	9	0.35%
Takeda Pharmaceuticals USA, Inc	1,700	9	0.45%	-		
Medline Industries Inc	1,600	10	0.42%	2,000		0.28%
Department of the Navy	-			25,000	1	3.52%
Hewitt Associates, LLC	-			6,000	3	0.84%
Motorola Inc	-			4,000	5	0.56%
HSBC, Inc	-			3,100	7	0.44%
County of Lake	-			2,800	8	0.39%
Condell Health Network				2,500	10	0.35%
	33,409	<u>.</u>	8.78%	71,700	i	18.86%

(a) Civilian only.

Source: Lake County Partners

COLLEGE OF LAKE COUNTY COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICT NO. 532

Operating Information and Employees (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

1969

Year founded:

Accreditation:

1974, 1979, 1985, 1986, 1996 (every 10 years) Higher Learning Commission (HLC)

HLC-Academic Quality Improvement Program 2015 Systems Portfolio

Population in District 2014 estimate (note 1): 703,047 Percentage change from 2013 census estimate -0.1%

Employment in District (note 2):

379,974 Labor force, civilian (June 2015) Unemployment rate (June 2015) 4.4%

Communities in District (note 3):

Island Lake Antioch Fox River Grove Lincolnshire Port Barrington Volo Grayslake Bannockburn Kildeer Lindenhurst Riverwoods Wadsworth Barrington Green Oaks Lake Barrington Long Grove Round Lake Wauconda Barrington Hills Round Lake Beach Gurnee Lake Bluff Mettawa Waukegan Hainesville Lake Forest Mundelein Round Lake Heights Beach Park Wheeling Buffalo Grove Hawthorn Woods Lake Villa North Barrington Round Lake Park Winthrop Harbor Deer Park Highland Park Lake Zurich North Chicago Third Lake Zion Deerfield Highwood Lakemoor Old Mill Creek Tower Lakes Fox Lake Indian Creek Libertyville Park City Vernon Hills

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
	(Fall 2016)									
Enrollment (Fall Semester, based	•) (note 4):								
Total headcount	14,768	14,964	15,410	17,685	17,577	17,389	18,091	18,092	16,359	16,010
Percent change	-1.31%	-2.89%	-12.86%	0.61%	1.08%	-3.88%	-0.01%	10.59%	2.18%	2.91%
Total student semester hours	123,131	125,468	126,344	141,940	143,283	142,475	149,623	148,807	133,683	128,674
Total FTE semester hours	8,209	8,365	8,423	9,463	9,552	9,498	9,975	9,920	8,912	8,578
Percent change	-1.86%	-0.69%	-10.99%	-0.93%	0.57%	-4.78%	0.55%	11.31%	3.89%	4.57%
Total seats taken	36,178	38,874	37,064	44,709	45,014	44,721	46,940	47,387	42,671	40,891
Percent change	-6.94%	4.88%	-17.10%	-0.68%	0.66%	-4.73%	-0.94%	11.05%	4.35%	6.19%
Degrees and certificates awarded	'									
A.A., A.S., and A.E.S.	1105	1042	975	995	1,254	823	706	648	586	600
A.A.S.	350	433	408	391	533	429	377	423	381	341
A.F.A./A.P.	4	1	4	4	6	1	2	1	2	-
Certificates	1561	1900	2337	2,210	4,467	876	926	910	800	930
Total, degrees/certificates	3020	3376	3724	3,600	6,260	2,129	2,011	1,982	1,769	1,871
College Workforce (Fall semeste	r) (note 6):									
Faculty/academic support	841	866	807	951	1,014	1,027	976	963	1,075	834
Administrators	51	58	60	60	67	66	59	60	59	54
Prof./Tech.	244	238	251	247	260	227	196	184	195	172
Clerical	145	144	138	150	174	165	160	150	114	110
Maintenance and others	115	118	124	127	131	125	141	148	156	144
% Women*	61%	60%	61%	61%	63%	63%	59%	60%	58%	57%
% Minorities*	29%	29%	30%	28%	32%	30%	21%	29%	20%	20%

Certain information above is presented only for those years where readily available.

- 1. From Lake County Quick Facts, US Census Bureau 2014 estimate.
- 2. From Local Area Unemployment Statistics (Lake County, IL), IDES, Not Seasonally Adjusted.
- 3. From Lake County Planning, Building and Development website.

* Excludes part-time faculty

- 4. From College of Lake County Institutional Effectiveness, Research and Planning, Fact Files.
- 5. From College of Lake County Office of Institutional Effectiveness, Research and Planning, Graduate Extract Files. In FY13, auto-awarding was started; the number of graduates for FY13 will be much higher than prior years as a result.
- 6. From Illinois Community College Board CI (Faculty, Staff, and Salary) Datafile.

Capital Asset Statistics by Facility (Unaudited)

Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Y	ear				
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Grayslake Campus-purchased 1968										
Size of campus (acres) ^(a)	270.7	270.7	270.7	270.0	223.4	223.4	223.4	223.4	225.1	225.1
Gross square footage(b)	812,432	790,702	789,082	789,082	789,082	789,082	789,082	789,082	814,174	814,174
Square footage rented (c)	5,000	5,000	5,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000	20,000
Number of classrooms (h)	100	100	100	97	97	97	97	97	102	102
Number of laboratories ^(h)	99	99	99	94	94	94	94	94	94	94
Lakeshore Campus-purchased 1979/1995										
Size of campus (acres) ^(f)	2.8	2.8	2.8	1.7	1.4	1.4	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.5
Gross square footage ^(g)	71,599	71,599	71,599	71,599	71,599	71,599	71,599	71,599	71,599	71,599
Number of classrooms ^(h)	13	13	13	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Number of laboratories ^(h)	18	18	18	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
Southlake Center-purchased 1997										
Size of campus (acres) ^(d)	20.6	20.6	20.6	20.6	20.6	20.6	20.6	20.6	20.6	20.6
Gross square footage ⁽ⁱ⁾	68,803	66,269	66,269	66,269	66,269	66,269	66,269	66,269	66,269	66,269
Number of classrooms ^(h)	16	16	16	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Number of laboratories ^(h)	13	12	12	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
1 North Genesse-purchased 2002 ^(e)										
Size of campus (acres)	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25
Gross square footage	38,660	38,660	38,660	38,660	38,660	38,660	38,660	38,660	38,660	38,660
Square footage rented (c)	19,330	19,330	19,330	19,330	19,330	19,330	19,330	19,330	32,976	32,976
Number of classrooms available	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	9	-
Number of laboratories available	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-

⁽a) 2003: Land transferred to Village of Grayslake for Fire Station. 2010: IDOT road expansion

Source: College of Lake County Facilities Department

⁽b) 2005: Technology Building addition. 2010: Disposal of buildings 2, 3 and pole barn. 2017: Café Willow and infilled courtyard

⁽c) The College no longer rents to the Lake County Job Center, however the Lake County Regional Board of Education is still onsite.

 $^{^{(}d)}$ 2006: Land transferred to Village of Vernon Hills for future road development.

⁽e) Building renovated before occupancy began July 1, 2004.

⁽f) 2015 Parking Garage purchased at the Lakeshore Campus, but is not heated.

⁽g) Lakeshore Parking Garage is not heated, so no additional square footage is added.

⁽h) Information based on Spring 2015 Term from 25Live.

⁽i) Southlake Chemistry lab

Certification of Chargeback Reimbursement Fiscal Year 2017 Year Ended June 30, 2017

All fiscal year 2017 noncapital audited operating expenditures from the following funds:

1.	Education Fund	77,668,353
2.	Operations and Maintenance Fund	9,680,655
3.	Operations and Maintenance Fund (Restricted)	7,995,226
4.	Bond and Interest Fund	1,694,425
5.	Public Building Commission Rental Fund	
6.	Restricted Purposes Fund	17,893,064
7.	Audit Fund	136,066
8.	Liability, Protection, and Settlement Fund	467,672
9.	Auxiliary Enterprise Fund (Subsidy Only)	8,503,079
10.	Total noncapital audited expenditures	124,038,539
11.	Plus depreciation on capital outlay expenditures (equipment, building, and	
	fixed equipment paid) from sources other than state and federal funds	4,241,941
12.	Total costs included	128,280,480
13.	Total certified semester credit hours for FY 2017	244,335
14.	Per capita cost	525
15.	All FY 2017 state and federal operating grants for noncapital expenditures,	
	except ICCB grants	12,904,866
16.	Less FY 2016 state and federal grants per semester credit hour	53
17.	Less each district's average ICCB grant rate for fiscal year 2016	14
18.	Less each district's student tuition per semester credit hour for fiscal year 2018	135
19.	Equals charge-back reimbursement per semester credit hour	323

Approved:	16x Chart	10/2/2017
50.70	Vice-President of Administrative Affairs	Date
Approved:	Kelta	10/4/2017
	President	Date

All Funds Summary Uniform Financial Statement Number 1 Year Ended June 30, 2017

Teal Ended Julie 30, 2017	Education Fund	O & M Fund	O & M Fund (Restricted)	Bond and Interest Fund	Auxiliary Enterprises Fund	Restricted Purposes Fund	Working Cash Fund	Agency Fund	Audit Fund	Liability Protection and Settlement Funds	Insurance Reserve Fund	Total
Fund balance (deficit)												
at June 30, 2016	\$ 19,730,599	\$ 11,653,236 \$	64,776,833	\$ 1,663,861	\$ 1,270,969	\$ 1,150,848	\$ 17,558,121 \$	761,838 \$	26,328	\$ 129,692	\$ 1,136,391 \$	119,858,716
Revenues:												
Local tax revenue	52,470,405	13,617,240	-	1,726,017	-	-	-	-	-	445,651	-	68,259,313
All other local revenue	-	-	-	-	-	797,058	-	-	-	-	-	797,058
ICCB grants	3,887,073	-	-	-	-	471,233	-	-	-	-	-	4,358,306
All other state revenue	-	-	-	-	-	1,167,039	-	-	-	-	-	1,167,039
Federal revenue	-	-	-	-	-	11,361,992	-	-	-	-	-	11,361,992
Student tuition and fees	28,923,976	-	3,332,479	-	-	2,248,945	-	877,132	-	-	-	35,382,532
All other revenue	854,312	76,251	484,212	3,576	9,160,808	2,165,825	114,331	-	-	-	6,525	12,865,840
Total revenues	86,135,766	13,693,491	3,816,691	1,729,593	9,160,808	18,212,092	114,331	877,132	-	445,651	6,525	134,192,080
Expenditures:												
Instruction	39,841,064	_	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	39,841,064
Academic support	3,511,980	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	3,511,980
Student services	7,545,991	_	_	-	-	-	_	809,809	-	-	_	8,355,800
Public service	1,291,757	_	_	-	-	5,192,987	_	· -	-	-	_	6,484,744
Auxiliary services	· · ·	_	_	-	8,614,404	, , , ₌	_	-	-	-	_	8,614,404
Operations and maintenance	_	7,601,153	36,700	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	7,637,853
Institutional support	25,844,164	2,526,478	36,843,599	1,694,425	-	142,204	_	-	136,066	467,672	_	67,654,608
Scholarships and student grants	54,910	-	-	-	-	12,850,103	_	-	· -	-	_	12,905,013
Total expenditures	78,089,866	10,127,631	36,880,299	1,694,425	8,614,404	18,185,294	-	809,809	136,066	467,672	-	155,005,466
Other financing sources (uses):		-, ,	,,	, ,	-,- , -	-,, -		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	- /-		
Debt proceeds	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	-
Net transfers	(2,839,176)	(2,106,603)	5,014,424	-	(94,314)	-	(114,331)	-	140,000	-	_	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,839,176)	(2,106,603)	5,014,424	-	(94,314)	-	(114,331)	-	140,000		-	
Fund balance (deficit)	(,===,===)	, ,,	-,- ,		(- ,)		,/		.,			
at June 30, 2017	\$ 24,937,323	\$ 13,112,493 \$	36,727,649	\$ 1,699,029	\$ 1,723,059	\$ 1,177,646	\$ 17,558,121 \$	829,161	30,262	\$ 107,671	\$ 1,142,916 \$	99,045,330

College of Lake County
Community College District No. 532
Reconciliation of the Uniform Financial Statement Number 1
to the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2017

Net position - Statement of Net Position

Total fund balances - Uniform Financial Statement Number 1	\$	99,045,330		
Amounts reported in the basic financial statements for net position are different because:				
Capital assets used in College activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the uniform financial statements.		176,018,373		
Pension contributions made after the actuarial valuation date are considered expenditures in the uniform financial statements but are deferred outflows of resources in the basic financial statements.		121,581		
Some liabilities reported in the statement of net position do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as liabilities in uniform financial statements:				
These liabilities consist of: General obligation bonds Post-employment benefits Amounts held in trust for others		(65,411,415) (2,399,348) (829,160)		
Unearned rent		(740,000)		

\$ 205,805,361

Net change in fund balances—Uniform Financial Statement Number 1	\$ (2	20,813,386)
Amounts reported for the general purpose Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position are different because:		
The uniform financial statements report capital outlays as expenditures paid while the basic		
financial statements report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the lives		
of the assets. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in		
the current period:	_	
Capital outlays 30,475,32		
Depreciation expense (7,503,13		00.070.400
	2	22,972,192
Net book value of disposal of capital assets are not reported in the uniform financial statements		(428,560)
Contributions to pension funds are recognized as expenditures when paid to the		
pension fund on the uniform financial statements. These expenditures are recorded on the		
basic financial statements based on the annual service cost, corresponding with		
the most recent actuarial valuation year. This is the difference between these amounts.		
		(23,367)
Some expenses reported in the uniform financial statements are the use current financial		
financial resources to reduce long term liabilities reported on the basic financial statements.		
These activities consist of:		
Bonds payable, including amortization of bond premiums		5,579,300
Post-employment benefits		61,071
Accrued expenses		2,334,138
Amounts held in trust for others		(67,323)
Unearned rent		20,000
Increase in net position - Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	\$	9,634,065

Summary of Capital Assets and Debt Uniform Financial Statement Number 2 Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Capital Asset/ Debt Account			Capital Asset/ Debt Account
	Groups			Groups
	June 30, 2016	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2017
Fixed assets:				
Sites and improvements	\$ 19,653,861	\$ 5,090,280	\$ (246,024)	\$ 24,498,117
Buildings, additions, and improvements	131,082,221	48,705,516	(1,584,811)	178,202,926
Construction work in progress	54,349,101	19,420,227	(47,660,363)	26,108,965
Equipment, furniture, and machinery	30,252,591	4,919,668	(984,820)	34,187,439
Fixed assets	235,337,774	78,135,691	(50,476,018)	262,997,447
Accumulated depreciation	(81,863,033)	(7,503,136)	2,387,095	(86,979,074)
Net fixed assets	\$ 153,474,741	\$ 70,632,555	\$ (48,088,923)	\$ 176,018,373
Fixed debt:				
	Ф 00 005 000	c	Ф (F 40F 000)	Ф 04.0 7 0.000
Bonds payable	\$ 69,265,000	\$ -	\$ (5,195,000)	\$ 64,070,000
Total fixed liabilities	\$ 69,265,000	\$ -	\$ (5,195,000)	\$ 64,070,000

The College has no tax anticipation warrants or notes outstanding at June 30, 2017.

Operating Funds Revenues and Expenditures Uniform Financial Statement Number 3 Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Education		
	Fund	Fund	Operating
Operating revenues by source:			
Local government:			
Current taxes	\$ 51,187,356	\$ 13,617,240	\$ 64,804,596
Charge-back revenue	2,192		2,192
Total local government	51,189,548	13,617,240	64,806,788
State government:			
ICCB credit hour grants	3,370,454	-	3,370,454
Corporate personal property			-
replacement taxes	1,280,857	-	1,280,857
Vocational education and other	516,619		516,619
Total state government	5,167,930		5,167,930
Student tuition and fees:			
Tuition and fees	28,923,976_		28,923,976
Total student tuition and fees	28,923,976		28,923,976
Other sources:			
Investment revenue	215,898	-	215,898
Other	638,414	76,251	714,665
Transfers	208,645	-	208,645
Total other sources	1,062,957	76,251	1,139,208
Total revenue	86,344,411	13,693,491	100,037,902
Less nonoperating items*:			
Tuition charge-back revenue			
Transfers from nonoperating funds	208,645		208,645
Adjusted revenue	\$ 86,135,766	\$ 13,693,491	\$ 99,829,257

Operating Funds Revenues and Expenditures (Continued) Uniform Financial Statement Number 3 Year Ended June 30, 2017

	I	Education Fund	O&M Fund		Total Operating
Operating expenditures:					<u>- </u>
Instruction	\$	39,841,064	\$ _	\$	39,841,064
Academic support		3,511,980	_		3,511,980
Student services		7,545,991	-		7,545,991
Public service		1,291,757	-		1,291,757
Auxiliary services		-	-		-
Operations and maintenance		-	7,601,153		7,601,153
Institutional support		25,844,164	2,526,478		28,370,642
Scholarships and student grants		54,910	-		54,910
Transfers		-	-		-
Total operating expenditures by					
program		78,089,866	10,127,631		88,217,497
Less nonoperating items*:					
Tuition charge-back		-	-		-
Transfers to nonoperating funds			 		
Adjusted expenditures	\$	78,089,866	\$ 10,127,631	\$	88,217,497
By object:					
Salaries	\$	56,349,143	\$ 3,720,877	\$	60,070,020
Employee benefits		11,107,997	1,546,216		12,654,213
Contractual services		3,404,237	933,433		4,337,670
General materials and supplies		2,705,707	226,552		2,932,259
Conference and meetings		510,157	5,786		515,943
Fixed charges		1,032,301	719,039		1,751,340
Utilities		-	2,523,575		2,523,575
Capital outlay		421,514	446,976		868,490
Other		2,558,810	5,177		2,563,987
Transfers		3,047,821	2,106,603		5,154,424
Total operating expenditures by					
object		81,137,687	12,234,234		93,371,921
Less nonoperating items*:					
Tuition charge-back		-	-		-
Transfers to nonoperating funds		3,047,821	 2,106,603		5,154,424
Adjusted expenditures	\$	78,089,866	\$ 10,127,631	\$	88,217,497

^{*} Intercollegiate revenues and expenses that do not generate related local college credit hours are subtracted to allow for statewide comparisons.

Restricted Purposes Fund Revenues and Expenditures Uniform Financial Statement Number 4 Year Ended June 30, 2017

Teal Ended Julie 30, 2017	Restricted Purposes Fund
Revenue by source:	_
Local government:	
Local taxes	\$ -
Other local government	797,058
Total local government	797,058
State government:	
ICCB – State Adult Education Grant	383,137
ICCB – Career and Technical Education – Program Improvement Grant	387,485
ICCB – Program Improvement Grant	57,402
Other	810,248
Total state government	1,638,272
Federal government:	
U.S. Department of Education	10,301,604
Other	1,060,388
Total federal government	11,361,992
Student tuition and fees:	
Tuition and fees	1,081,399
Other sources:	
Investment revenue	
Other	3,333,371
Total other sources	3,333,371
Total restricted purposes fund revenues	\$ 18,212,092

Restricted Purposes Fund Revenues and Expenditures (Continued) Uniform Financial Statement Number 4 Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Restricted Purposes Fund		
Restricted purposes fund expenditures, by program:				
Public services	\$	5,192,987		
Institutional support		142,204		
Scholarships and student grants		12,850,103		
Total restricted purposes fund expenditures, by program	<u>\$</u>	18,185,294		
Restricted purposes fund expenditures, by object:				
Salaries	\$	3,212,666		
Employee benefits		372,271		
Contractual services		130,087		
General materials and supplies		271,787		
Travel and conference/meetings		104,835		
Utilities		-		
Fixed charges		-		
Capital outlay		292,230		
Other		13,801,418		
Total restricted purposes fund expenditures, by object	\$	18,185,294		

Current Funds* – Expenditures by Activity Uniform Financial Statement Number 5 Year Ended June 30, 2017

Instruction:		
Instructional programs	\$	37,471,504
Other	T	2,369,560
Total instruction		39,841,064
Academic support:		
Library center		1,893,528
Instructional materials center		
Academic computing support		123,122
Academic administration and planning		34,668
Other		1,460,662
Total academic support		3,511,980
Student services:		
Admission and records		686,439
Counseling and career services		3,055,357
Financial aid administration		842,669
Other		2,961,526
Total student services		7,545,991
Public service:		
Community education		3,825,871
Community services		1,393,327
Other		1,265,546
Total public services		6,484,744
Auxiliary services		8,614,404
Operations and maintenance:		
Maintenance		1,565,178
Custodial services		2,423,872
Grounds		607,242
Transportation		42,866
Utilities		2,256,306
Administration		417,156
Other		288,533
Total operations and maintenance		7,601,153

Current Funds* – Expenditures by Activity Uniform Financial Statement Number 5 (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2017

Institutional support:		•
• •	•	4 050 000
Executive management	\$	1,958,082
Fiscal operations		296,898
Community relations		2,338,766
Administrative support		1,724,936
Board of trustees		257,055
General institutional		16,623,246
Institutional research		584,214
Administrative data processing		5,333,387
Other		
Total institutional support		29,116,584
Scholarships, student grants, and waivers		12,905,013
Total current funds expenditures	\$	115,620,933

^{*} Current Funds include Education, Operations and Maintenance, Auxiliary Enterprises, Restricted Purposes, Audit, Liability, Protection and Settlement Funds



RSM US LLP

Independent Auditor's Report on Audits of Grant Program Financial Statements

To the Board of Trustees College of Lake County Community College District No. 532 Grayslake, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the State Adult Education Grant (State Basic and State Performance) and Career and Technical Education Program Improvement Grant (the Grant Programs) of the College of Lake County, Community College District No. 532 (the College) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017 and the related notes to the Illinois Community College Board (ICCB) State grants financial statements, which collectively comprise the College's grant program financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these grant program financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the guidelines of the Illinois Community College Board's *Fiscal Management Manual*. Those standards and guidelines require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the College's State Adult Education Grant (State Basic and State Performance), and Career and Technical Education Program Improvement Grant as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

The grant program financial statements present only the Grant Programs referred to above and do not purport to, and do not present the financial position of the College as of June 30, 2017, or the changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the grant program financial statements of the College. The ICCB Compliance Statement on page 87 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the grant program financial statements.

The ICCB Compliance Statement on page 87 is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the grant program financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the grant program financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the grant program financial statements or to the grant program financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the ICCB Compliance Statement on page 87 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the grant program financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 4, 2017 on our consideration of the College's internal control over financial reporting of the grant programs and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the College's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RSM US LLP

Chicago, Illinois October 4, 2017



RSM US LLP

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Grant Program Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Trustees College of Lake County Community College District No. 532 Grayslake, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and the guidelines of the Illinois Community College Board *Fiscal Management Manual*, the financial statements of the State Adult Education Grant (State Basic and State Performance) and the Career and Technical Education Program Improvement Grant (the Grant Programs) of the College of Lake County, Community College District No. 532 (the College) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the Illinois Community College Board (ICCB) State grants financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 4, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the grant program financial statements, we considered the College's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the grant program financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the College's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the College's grant program financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of grant program financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

RSM US LLP

Chicago, Illinois October 4, 2017

State Adult Education Grant Balance Sheet June 30, 2017

	State Basic	State Performance		Total	
Assets					
Cash	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Accounts receivable	 233,165		78,011		311,176
Total assets	\$ 233,165	\$	78,011	\$	311,176
Liabilities and Fund Balance Liabilities					
Due to other funds	\$ 484,250	\$	155,403	\$	639,653
Total liabilities	484,250		155,403		639,653
Fund balance	 (251,085)		(77,392)		(328,477)
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 233,165	\$	78,011	\$	311,176

See accompanying notes to ICCB State Grants financial statements.

State Adult Education Grant Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2017

		State Basic	State Performance		Total
Revenues:					
State sources	\$	233,165	\$	78,011	\$ 311,176
Expenditures – by program:					
Instructional and student services:					
Instruction		342,894		22,207	365,101
Social work services		-		-	-
Guidance services		845		3,319	4,164
Assistive and adaptive equipment		-		-	-
Assessment and testing		77,967		70,522	148,489
Student transportation services		-		-	-
Literacy services		-		-	-
Child care services					
Total instructional and					
student services		421,706		96,048	 517,754
Program support:					
Improvement of					
instructional services		-		-	-
General administration		6,653		600	7,253
Operation and maintenance of		-		-	-
plant services		-		-	-
Workforce coordination		1,647		48,585	50,232
Data and information services		54,244		10,170	64,414
Approve indirect costs				-	 404.000
Total program support		62,544		59,355	 121,899
Total expenditures Excess of revenues over		484,250		155,403	 639,653
expenditures		(251.095)		(77 202)	(220 477)
Fund balance at July 1, 2016		(251,085)		(77,392)	(328,477)
. and balance at early 1, 2010	-				
Fund balance at June 30, 2017	\$	(251,085)	\$	(77,392)	\$ (328,477)

See accompanying notes to ICCB State Grants financial statements.

State Adult Education Grant ICCB Compliance Statement Expenditure Amounts and Percentages for ICCB Grant Funds Only Year Ended June 30, 2017

State basic	Actual expenditure amount	Actual expenditure percentage
Instruction (45% minimum required)	\$342,894	71%
General administration (15% maximum allowed)	\$6,653	1%
State performance	Actual expenditure amount	Actual expenditure percentage
Instruction (No minimum required)	\$22,207	14%
General administration (No maximum allowed)	\$600	0%

Career and Technical Education Program Improvement Grant Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2017

Revenues:	
State sources	\$ 57,402
Expenditures – by program:	
Salaries	31,583
Instructional equipment	11,504
Materials and supplies	10,495
Curriculum development	320
Staff development	3,500
Total expenditures	57,402
Excess of revenues over expenditures	-
Fund balance at July 1, 2016	-
Fund balance at June 30, 2017	\$ -

See accompanying notes to ICCB State Grants financial statements.

Grant Programs Notes to ICCB State Grants Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

General: The financial statements include only those transactions resulting from the Illinois Community College Board (ICCB) State Adult Education Grant (State Basic and State Performance) and are not intended to present the financial position or results of operations of the College of Lake County (the College). These transactions have been accounted for in the Restricted Purposes Fund.

Basis of accounting: These grant program financial statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Expenditures are reported when services are rendered, or when goods are received.

Grant revenues are reported in these grant program financial statements when allowable grant expenditures are made. Expenditures are allowable if they comply with "Policy Guidelines for Restricted Grant Expenditures and Reporting" set forth in the ICCB Fiscal Management Manual. Grant funds should be accounted for in the same period as in the credit hour claiming process.

A receivable is recorded for the funds to be received from the ICCB at June 30, 2017 for reimbursement of the allowable expenditures incurred during the fiscal year. On July 6, 2017, the State of Illinois passed its budget and PA 100-0021, an Act concerning appropriations, which included funding for the College's fiscal year that ended June 30, 2017. Since appropriations related to fiscal year 2017 were not approved as of June 30, 2017, the State will not record the liability as of June 30, 2017; therefore, the College did not accrue Adult Education revenue for State Basic and State Performance in the amounts of \$251,085 and \$77,392, respectively. If these receivables were recorded, revenue from State sources and net position would have increased by \$328,477.

Due to other funds represent the amount to be reimbursed to other funds for the use of the other funds' resources to pay for the expenses incurred.

Capital assets: Capital asset purchases, if any, are recorded as capital outlay of the program from which the expenditures are made. Such expenditures have been capitalized at cost in the College's financial statements.

Note 2. Background Information on Grant Activity

Restricted Grants

Restricted Adult Education Grant/State

- State Basic Grants awarded to Adult Education and Family Literacy providers to establish special classes for the instruction of persons of age 21 and older or persons under the age of 21 and not otherwise in attendance in public schools for the purpose of providing adults in the community, and other instruction as may be necessary to increase their qualifications for employment or other means of self-support and their ability to meet their responsibilities as citizens including courses of instruction regularly accepted for graduation from elementary or high schools and for Americanization and General Educational Developmental Review classes. Included in this grant are funds for support services, such as student transportation and child-care facilities or provisions.
- 2. State Performance Grants awarded to Adult Education and Family Literacy providers based upon performance outcomes.

Grant Programs Notes to ICCB State Grants Financial Statements

Note 2. Background Information on Grant Activity (Continued)

Career and Technical Education Program Improvement Grant

Grant funding recognizes that keeping career and technical education programs current and reflective of the highest quality practices in the workplace is necessary to prepare students to be successful in their chosen careers and to provide employers with the well-trained workforce they require. The grant funds are dedicated to enhancing instruction and academic support activities to strengthen and improve career and technical programs and services.



RSM US LLP

Independent Accountant's Report on the Schedule of Enrollment Data and Other Bases Upon Which Claims Were Filed

To the Board of Trustees College of Lake County Community College District No. 532 Grayslake, Illinois

We have examined the accompanying Schedule of Enrollment Data and Other Bases Upon Which Claims were Filed (the Schedule) of College of Lake County, Community College District No. 532 (the College) for the year ended June 30, 2017. The College's management is responsible for the Schedule. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Schedule based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Schedule is in accordance with (or based on) the criteria, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the Schedule. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Schedule, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the accompanying Schedule of Enrollment Data and Other Bases Upon Which Claims were Filed for the year ended June 30, 2017, is presented in accordance with (or based on) the provisions of the Illinois Community College Board's *Fiscal Management Manual*.

RSM US LLP

Chicago, Illinois October 4, 2017

Schedule of Enrollment Data and Other Bases Upon Which Claims were Filed Year ended June 30, 2017

Total Semester Credit Hours by Term (In-District and Out of District Reimbursable)

	Sumi	ner	Fall		Spring		Total	
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Unrestricted	Restricted	Unrestricted	Restricted	Unrestricted	Restricted
Baccalaureate	24,977.0	_	65,986.0	_	63,769.0	_	154,732.0	,
Business occupational	1,192.5	1	3,536.5	60.0	3,959.0	94.0	8,688.0	154.0
Technical occupational	1,929.0	_	9,178.0	_	9,838.5	_	20,945.5	
Health occupational	2,031.0	_	5,548.0	_	6,469.0	_	14,048.0	_
Remedial development	2,184.0	_	11,582.0	_	8,423.0	_	22,189.0	***************************************
Adult basic education/ secondary education	1,993.0	189.0	3,932.0	5,976.0	8,680.0	2,808.0	14,605.0	8,973.0
secondary education	**							
Total	34,306.5	189.0	99,762.5	6,036.0	101,138.5	2,902.0	235,207.5	9,127.0

*	Attending in-district	Attending out-of-district on chargeback or contractual agreement	Total
Semester credit hours (all terms)	238,216.5	1,223.5	239,440.0
Reimbursable semester credit hours (all terms)	<u>Dual Credit</u> 6,716.0	Dual Enrollment 1,274.0	Total 7,990.0

District 2015 equalized assessed valuation

\$ 22,241,243,932

President

Vice-President for Administrative Affairs

See accompanying independent accountants' report on the schedule of enrollment data and other bases upon which claims were filed.

Schedule of Enrollment Data and Other Bases Upon Which Claims were Filed Year ended June 30, 2017

Reconciliation of Total Semester Credit Hours

	Total unrestricted credit hours	Total unrestricted credit hours certified to the ICCB	Difference	Total restricted credit hours	Total restricted credit hours certified to the ICCB	Difference
Baccalaureate	154,732.0	154,732.0	_	_	_	_
Business occupational	8,688.0	8,688.0	_	154.0	154.0	_
Technical occupational	20,945.5	20,945.5	_	_	_	_
Health occupational	14,048.0	14,048.0	_	_	_	_
Remedial development	22,189.0	22,189.0	_	_	_	_
Adult basic education/ adult secondary	14,605.0	14,605.0		8,973.0	8,973.0	
Total	235,207.5	235,207.5		9,127.0	9,127.0	

Reconciliation of In-District/Charge-Back

	Reimbursable Credit Hours			
		Total		
	Total attending	attending as certified to the ICCB	Difference	
Reimbursable in-district residents	238,216.5	238,216.5	_	
Reimbursable out-of-district on charge-back or contractual agreement	1,223.5	1,223.5		
Total	239,440.0	239,440.0		
	Total reimbursable	Total reimbursable certified to ICCB	Difference	
Dual Credit	6,716.0	6,716.0		
Dual Enrollment	1,274.0	1,274.0	<u>_</u>	
Total	7,990.0	7,990.0		

See accompanying independent accountants' report on the schedule of enrollment data and other bases upon which claims were filed.



Community College District No. 532

Grayslake Campus

19351 West Washington Street, Grayslake, Illinois 60030

Lakeshore Campus

33 North Genesee Street, Waukegan, Illinois 60085

Southlake Campus

1120 South Milwaukee Avenue, Vernon Hills, Illinois 60061

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